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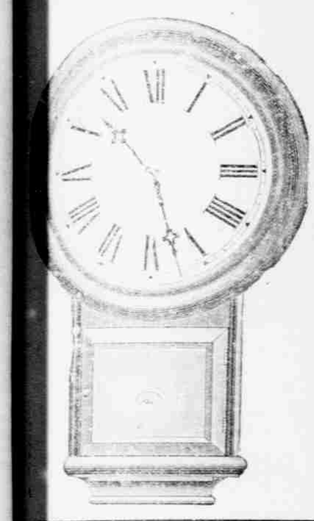

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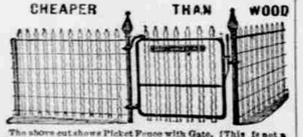

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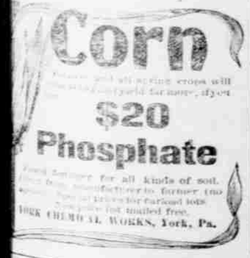

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LOOKING UNDER THE BED.

We were a large family of boys and girls, now all married and scattered at various distances from the early home and aged parents, with the exception of two—a bachelor brother and a widowed sister. I was the eldest girl and had married and settled not 40 miles from home. But as I was something of an invalid, and the journey between my place of residence and my old home was broken by more than one change of railroad and a disagreeable wait of over two hours at a little wayside station, I did not often take advantage of the nearness of my people.

One night, in the fall of 1886, I awoke from an unpleasant dream about my father and next morning at breakfast astonished my husband by declaring that I was going home to see my parents. My husband made no objection to this move on my part, except regretting that he could not accompany me. I was driven to the station and in due time arrived in the town of Middleton, the little place where I was born.

It was a typical New England town, with its pretty, quaint, box-like houses with their green-painted blinds, the narrow village streets well shaded with noble elms and maples, the latter now looking like enormous bouquets in their gaudy autumnal coloring.

I found my father quite well and in the best of spirits, but several other members of the family had, like myself, been taken with a desire to visit the old folks, for I found that nearly all my brothers and sisters, with their respective families, were there before me, so that the old place looked quite like former days.

While mother and Sister Kate were evidently very much pleased with the idea of having a kind of an unexpected family gathering, I could see that they were not a little perplexed as to how they were going to provide sleeping quarters for so many. My advent did not help in the least, as I was enough of an invalid to be a very poor sleeper and a bad night was the forerunner of a 48-hours' headache, a headache that had so far baffled medical skill. Where to put me, therefore, in order that I might be quiet enough to obtain sufficient sleep not to spoil my visit, was the question which troubled my mother and Kate. However, my bachelor brother was the one who settled the matter by saying that I could have his room, and that he could "bunk," as he termed it, elsewhere.

Nat was the postmaster—had held the position through several administrations—and was a person of note in the place. His room was an extension built on to the side wing of the house and as remote as possible, in order that his comings and goings should not disturb mother, who was a light sleeper.

Mother and Kate were alike relieved by this arrangement, and I rejoiced in having a room where no household noise could possibly disturb my slumbers.

We were a jolly crowd when we got together. I had forgotten my bad dream and was, in my quiet way, as merry as the rest. The fun and frolic continued until quite late. It was almost midnight when Sister Kate escorted me to my room, and, after seeing that everything was provided for my comfort, retired, leaving me to my own devices to pass the time until I fell asleep.

After Kate left me I looked about the apartment. It was to me the only strange room in the house where I was born. I also felt lonely, as I was not accustomed to room alone, and coming from the brightly-lighted sitting-room into the dimmer one may have brought about a strange feeling which oppressed me, though I was not nervous at all.

The room itself was not attractive. It was an oblong apartment, not very high, with a door leading into the grounds, as well as the one connecting with the house, and these doors were at least 15 feet apart. The furniture was not remarkable, except that it was decidedly old-fashioned. The bedstead was a high four-poster. It stood with its side close to the outer wall of the room, and at the foot of it was an iron safe. It was a comfortable bed, though, however uninviting its position, and I felt weary enough to sleep even in a strange place, so retired after paying due attention to the fastenings of the outer door, which I found of massive make and in good order, and, strange to say, I fell asleep as soon as my head touched the pillow and slept soundly for some time.

How long the duration of that sleep was I never knew. I awoke with a start from the self-same dream which I had the preceding night, and amid what appeared to be a babel of voices, one of which I heard say distinctly:

"Not now until the 15th."

There had been something strange about the dream of the preceding night. While it left the impression of undue unpleasantness and I knew that it concerned my father, I could not recall a single incident of it. But now I could remember that there was in it some reference to the 5th, and that was all, although I had evidently dreamed it the second time. When I had fully recovered my waking senses I sat up and tried to pierce the intense darkness of the room. The voices had undoubtedly been dream voices, for no one was in the room. Yet the words had made such an impression on me that they had apparently fastened themselves in my brain, for "Not now until the 15th" seemed to shine as if branded in fire on the deep gloom of my chamber.

The day before had been the 5th of the month; ten days off was the 15th! What was to occur upon that date?

There is no need for one to say that that night was full of horrors. Every form of trouble and disaster paraded before my mental vision, until the darkness through which my eager eyes could not pierce began to grow appalling to me, and the silence which had succeeded to my disturbed dream was so oppressive that it seemed to me at that moment I would have welcomed any sound, however disagreeable.

I had sunk back upon my pillow, after my first uneasy start, and now raised myself once more to a sitting position, resolved to get out of bed and procure a light to dissolve my fancies, when a sound fell upon my strained sense of hearing, at first astonishing me, later filling me with alarm and finally entirely removing from me any desire to get out of bed, for the present, at least. This sound was the rhythmical breathing of a man, who was evidently sunk in the profoundest slumber. To listen to the sound of snoring is not pleasant at any time, but to hear the whole scale run up and down the gamut of sound from under one's bed is appalling. As soon as I had located the sound it robbed me of the last remnant of courage, while my late ghostly fancies gave way at once to fears.

Could I have indeed heard voices outside my dream? Was there a plot to rob my brother, who, as postmaster, had about this date considerable cash on hand from the money order business, Middleton being a factory town, and numbers of non-residents working there in the busy season and sending home their earnings to family and friends? What was I to do? How was I to act under the circumstances? I can never describe the agony of terror which I endured as I lay there, listening, hardly daring to breathe myself, to those unmusical sounds.

When the first faint peep of day came creeping through the shutter slats I began to form my plan of reaching the door. As the bed was against the wall I had, of course, only one side to choose from in getting out. But I thought if I could work my way toward the foot, I should have at least a gain of a few feet nearer the inside door in my favor. Slowly and painfully I worked my way through the bulging feathers, rejoicing that no modern bedstead upheld me, for not the fainest creak did the frame upon which I rested emit as I pursued my plan of retreat. I had almost reached the foot of the bed when the sounds beneath me suddenly stopped. In mortal terror now of the consequences I became desperate, and gave one headlong plunge forward toward the door, at the same time uttering a piercing shriek. Then I fainted.

When I came to myself my head was very wet and I was stiff all over. I heard voices, two of which I recognized as those of Nat and Kate. There was also a third voice, which I soon made out to be the doctor's. I was not very partial to medical men, perhaps, because I had seen so many of them. I heard Nat say:

"It was a great wonder that he did not attack her before. I suppose he must have stolen in when I went there to get my things in the evening."

"It was a mercy that you came, Nat," said Kate.

The doctor added:

"She is coming to. You must keep her quiet and try gradually to find out what led up to the attack. I will call later."

Soon I opened my eyes to find myself upon a couch in the sitting-room and Nat's serious face bending over mine.

"Did you catch him?" I asked.

"Catch who, Fan, dear?" inquired Nat, with a puzzled expression.

"Why, the burglar, to be sure."

"There was no burglar to catch."

"Well, that is calm, to say the least," I remarked, sarcastically, rising to a sitting position and putting both hands to my drenched head. "After the terrible night that I have put in, why did you let the wretch escape?"

"It was not a burglar, Fan."

"If he was not a burglar, pray what was he, and why was he secreted under the bed? I only wonder that he did not kill me outright, though I am sure I could not have suffered more if he had. First frightening the life nearly out of me by his snoring and then actually bouncing upon me at the last when I tried to call assistance. And after all this you calmly tell me there was no burglar! You will tell me next that there was no man!" I exclaimed, savagely.

"Neither was there any man, Fanny, dear," said my brother, with a dawning smile. "Your burglar was a burglar-catcher—my good mastiff, Watch."

"What!" I exclaimed, "have I endured all the terror of the past dreadful night because of an old dog?"

"Certainly, because of a dog, my dear Fan, though not by any manner of means an old one. Watch is possibly two years old at the utmost. I am awfully sorry, Fan, that you, with your poor health, should have been disturbed." Others have complained of his ability in the snoring line. I, myself, never hear him. But I am so thankful that he did not injure you that I have no room for grief over your discomfort, for, remember, you were a stranger to him. He was standing over you in a very threatening attitude when Kate found you. Fortunately, I came in just then, as I was restless and could not sleep. But I learned something, my dear sister, of which I was before doubtful, and that is that there is one woman who does not examine under her bed before retiring." This last was said with a laugh, in which Kate joined as soon as she saw me sitting up.

"No, but you better believe that I will after this," I made answer, as I fel back on the couch.

I was not seriously hurt by my fall, though I had cut my head a little. I caught a bad cold from the drenching the old doctor administered to bring me around. I did not hear the last of the burglar during the remainder of my visit, nor, indeed, for many a long day afterward. Nothing happened to my dear father on the 15th, nor up to this day. But out of that night of terror grew the habit in which so many of my sex indulge of looking under the bed. My husband says that if I slept upon a single mattress on the floor I would raise the edge to look under to see if a burglar was flattened out beneath.—Philadelphia Times.

An Elizabethan Tomb.

A superbly rich Elizabethan tomb is left to us in Boreham church, Essex. This was erected to the memory of Thomas Radcliffe, earl of Sussex, lord chamberlain, and known as the stern opponent of Leicester. Three knights in martial costumes lie on the tomb slab, one of which is his son and the other his grandson. Walpole incidentally states that the earl bequeathed £1,500 to be expended on this tomb, and that his executors agreed with a Dutch sculptor, Richard Stevens, to execute his part of the work for £292 12s 8d. The earl and his son were first buried in the Church of St. Laurence Poultney, in the metropolis, and then removed to Boreham at the instance of the grandson.—Cornhill Magazine.

KEPT AHEAD OF THE BULLETS.

Astounding Swiftness of Foot Shown by a Georgia Razor-Back.

Col. Taylor Jenkins, who lives a few miles north of Blakely, is known throughout that section as one of the most truthful men in it. At least, so says the Early County Times. Recently, while Mr. Jenkins was out hunting, his dogs began barking at something in a large hollow log. It was a wild hog. He took the hog home and dropped it in his cornfield. It is there now. A few weeks ago Mr. Jenkins went out to kill it, thinking he could easily do so with his unerring rifle. He searched about till he "jumped" it. Down a corn row it went like lightning. He leveled his rifle and "cut down" on it, but never touched a hair. He "jumped" it again and shot again, but no hog. Again and again he "jumped" it and shot at it, with the same result. He began to wonder what could be the matter. The corn rows were as straight as moonshine whisky and his gun true as the third party to Tom Watson, yet hit it he couldn't. To shoot at the hog as it ran off down the corn rows was just like shooting at it standing, so far as getting a "bead on it" was concerned. To make sure that he didn't "wobble" off the hog he put up a small target and "cracked down" at it five times, then took his ax and chopped in and found five balls all in one hole in the middle of the spot. That settled it—that the fault was not in him or the gun, but the hog had outrun the bullets.

LONDON DOGS OUT CALLING.

Their Cards Go Up with Those of Their Mistresses.

It appears, from an article in the Figaro by M. Paul Megnin, that in London at the present time it is not only the fashion for a lady to provide her lapdog with a little wardrobe and even a handkerchief, but to have visiting cards made for it, too. When a fashionable lady pays a visit, taking her lapdog with her, she sends up the dog's card along with her own.

M. Megnin says he was visiting the editor of one of the leading sporting papers in London, when the servant brought in two cards, one that of a lady and the other as follows:

MRS. FRIVOLITY.
Collie.

Asked if he knew the name on the card, M. Megnin said he presumed it was some dog fancier. He was greatly surprised to see a lady come in, accompanied by a handsome collie.

M. Megnin went to a stationer's shop and ordered 100 cards for his little dog. He was again surprised to find that the stationer had some ready printed, neatly packed in pretty little card cases.

BEN FRANKLIN'S BIG HEAD.

How He Wore His Wig in His Pocket at the French Court.

The difficulties encountered recently by the lineal descendants of that great man, statesman, patriot and everything else that men properly hold in estimation—Benjamin Franklin—in having themselves enrolled among the Colonial Dames, recall an anecdote of him, says the Washington Post, embalmed in the family records of the sage of Monticello, but which, so far as the writer knows, has never been published. When about to present himself for the first time at the court of Versailles he was informed by the master of ceremonies that a wig was a sine qua non. Now, his head was so large that no ordinary wig would begin to fit it, and the situation was embarrassing in the extreme. However, one was found sufficiently large to pass him through the antechambers, after which he was permitted to remove the ridiculous conventional appendage and place it in his ample pocket, whence it never again emerged to public gaze.

The Ways of the Opossum.

Just why the great zoologists of the present day should have chosen to consider the opossum an animal of a lower order than the stupid and helpless sloth, and the third order from the lowest of all, is not so easy to understand as it ought to be. As a matter of fact, nature has done a great deal for the opossum—far more than for the great majority of quadrupeds. Note what the creature is, and can do, and match it if you can. It eats almost everything that can be chewed—wild fruit, berries, green corn, insect larvae, eggs, young birds and quadrupeds, soft-shelled nuts and certain roots. It is a good climber, and has a very useful prehensile tail. It forages on the ground quite as successfully as any squirrel. It usually burrows under the roots of large trees, where it is impossible for the hunter to dig it out; but sometimes it makes the mistake of choosing a hollow log. When attacked, it often feigns death to throw its assailants off their guard. Like the bear and woodchuck, it stores up a plentiful supply of fat for winter use, when food is scarce; and, above all, the female has a nice, warm pouch in which to carry and protect her helpless young, instead of leaving them in the nest to catch their death of cold, or be devoured by some enemy.—W. T. Hornaday, in St. Nicholas.

English Humor.

A strange society was brought to light during the hearing of a case before the Thames magistrate. Several men were charged with stealing a watch from a sailor, and were all discharged except Alexander Fullerton, on whom was found a savings bank book for $245 and a card of membership of a society with a curious title. It bore the following inscription: "National Liars' association—Having been a member of the above association, and finding you are a bigger liar than myself, I must congratulate you on relieving me of this card." It must be gratifying to the East end community, as well as a tribute to Fullerton's own abilities, that he had found no one worthy of relieving him of the card. The magistrate remanded him for inquiries.

Death in Japan.

There are no undertakers in Japan. When a person dies his nearest relatives put him into a coffin and bury him. The mourning does not begin until after burial.

SOUTHERN IMMIGRATION

Movement of the World's Population Takes a New Direction.

In This Country the Tendency Is Most Marked—Many Northern and Western Farmers Are Moving Down South.

The next great movement of population that the world is to witness will be southward. The conditions are now all favorable. It has required a quarter of a century since the war to bring about the changes that were necessary to make the south a thoroughly attractive country for northern and western farmers. All the questions relating to possible race troubles had to be settled; the prejudices engendered on both sides by the war had to die out, and the fact that the south could produce other things than cotton had to be demonstrated. The construction after the war, of railroads through the west and nothwest by the aid of enormous land grants made it absolutely necessary that these roads, controlled as they were by the leading financial powers of Europe and America, should bend their energies and unite the influences of all the financial forces concentrated in them to turn population westward. The south was in no condition to invite immigration, even if it had been in its power to accomplish anything against such a combination of forces as were at work in behalf of the west.

But a great change has come and all the disadvantages under which the south has labored are being removed. During the last five or ten years there have settled here and there all over the south a few northern and western farmers, whose great success is now being made known to all their friends in their former homes. This is awakening a direct interest in the south in all parts of the west—an interest such as could be aroused in no other way.

From every section of the north, the west and northwest, and even from California, requests for information about the south and its advantages for settlers are being received. Items of news from several thousand towns and villages from Maryland to Texas pass before the writer every day. The most striking feature in this mass of news—so pronounced that it would impress itself even upon the most casual reader—is the number of settlers reported from day to day as locating in the south.

This is entirely a-new thing. A year ago items of this kind were rare. Now every issue of every southern paper has something in it about immigration matters and the incoming of new people, and even now thousands of western and northern farmers are settling in the south.—Richard H. Edmonds, in Chautauquan.

UPSTAIRS BY EXPRESS.

The Through Elevators Run in Tall Buildings.

"All aboard—seventh floor, first stop."

This cry greeted a reporter the other day as he stepped into a down-town office building and faced a half dozen elevators. He wished to go to the ninth floor. He stepped into an elevator over which was the sign: "Express—first stop, seventh floor."

In it there were three men and a middle-aged woman. The starter said "All right," and the elevator man grasped the throttle of the "express." It was the usual cable rope, and as the man pulled it began its journey upward. The lone woman passenger gave vent to a slight "Oh," and held her breath.

Floor after floor was passed at a speed of about eight miles an hour. When the sixth floor was reached the woman wanted to get off, but was informed that she was on an express, and it was against the rules to stop an express until its destination was reached. The elevator arrived at the seventh floor on time. It took exactly eight seconds to make the upward journey of 85 feet. The elevator man then announced that the next stop would be the top floor, 100 feet above. The top floor, according to the directory, was the 14th, and the elevator flew upward once more, arriving near the roof a few seconds later.

"We can make a round trip in 45 seconds, including short stops," said the engineer of the express, "but we have made it in about 40 without stops. There are two express elevators and four regulars, that we call way trains. They stop at every floor and for everybody who shouts. Often I get passengers who want to get out at the sixth or tenth floors. They get mad, too, when they are told they must go up and take another elevator down. The other express makes no intermediate stops at all during the busy hours."—N. Y. Press.

Humor in the Family.

"One of those lazy, good-for-nothing tramps called to-day and wanted a piece of pie," said the landlady, during a momentary silence.

The bachelor boarder faltered and laid down his knife and fork.

"And did he get it?" he queried, anxiously.

"Not much," returned the landlady; "he got a piece of my mind instead."

"Which probably destroyed his," piped the thin boarder in the tenor voice from the foot of the table.

"His what?" demanded the landlady, sternly.

"Peace of mind," explained the thin boarder, apologetically.

Everybody cried out in applause at this. One could even hear the pea soup and see the jelly roll. — Chicago News.

Don't Edge Skirts with Fur.

One of the distinctive features of the season's dressing is its use of fur and velvet and silk and cloth in combination for the fashioning of gowns. A recent walking costume consists of nut brown, smooth-faced cloth, the bodice decked with a deep yoke formed of alternate strips of fur and emerald green velvet. The high collar is bordered with fur, and so are the cuffs of the velvet sleeves and the full, plain skirt. This sounds odd. A year ago it would have looked so. For a walking costume an edging of fur at the skirt's bottom is objectionable because it wears out so rapidly, gets bedraggled in the mud and stirs up dust to soil the underclothing.—St. Louis Republic.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

—On stoves and furnaces 18,240 patents have been issued covering every part of these indispensable articles of comfort.

—Five generations of one family are living on a homestead at Bardstown, Ga. The head of the family, W. O. Cherry, has 136 living descendants.

—After the cocoons intended for the silk manufacture have been finished the worms are killed by the heat either of steam or of hot water. If the insects were allowed to esape the value of the cocoons would be lessened.

—For several years an old soldier has been compelled, by poverty, to live in the poorhouse of Carroll county, Mo. He has just received a pension, and has decided to remain in the poorhouse and pay his board, because he likes his home there so well.

—Indiana's oldest residents are Alexander Ferguson and his sister of Frankton. Alexander is 103 years old and his sister 107. Alexander worked on the farm every day, doing the ordinary chores of the place until he had passed his 100th birthday, and is still in excellent health. He takes a daily walk of a little more than two miles. His wife is over 90 and is in good health.

—The army rules are that two-inch ice will sustain a man or properly-spaced infantry; four-inch ice will carry a man on horseback or cavalry or light guns; six-inch ice, heavy field guns, such as 80 pounders eight-inch ice, a battery of artillery with carriages and horses, but not over 1,000 pounds per square foot on sledges; and ten inch ice sustains an army or an innumerable multitude. On 15-inch ice railroad tracks are often laid and operated for months.

—The most important, as well as the commonest metal in the world, is iron. It is almost everywhere in nature. We are bombarded from cosmic spaces by meteorolites of nearly pure iron; the spectroscope finds it in stars so distant that the naked eye sees but emptiness in the abysses wherein they burn. It makes a 12th part of the crust of the earth. Its particles are mingled in the dust of every country road, in the air we breathe, in the water we drink, in the food we eat. It is the great colorist of nature. Even the red of our blood is due to its presence.

HE WAS RIGHT.

The One Juror Who Stood Out Against Eleven Obstinate Men.

A standing joke around the Maine courts is the juror who stands out and refuses to agree with the eleven obstinate men, who don't think as he does. Judges are not apt to take kindly to this style of man, and have been known on occasions to give him a terrible snubbing. "There is still living in this city," says a Bangor gentleman, who thinks jurors have rights of opinion as well as judges, "a man who is very proud of a little experience he had as a juror. It was in Judge Cutting's day, and that excellent jurist was on the bench. The jury had heard an important case, and failed to agree because this particular juror stood out against the arguments and solicitations of his fellows, and declared he would stay there till the ants ate him up and carried out his remains through the keyhole before he would consent to what he believed to be an unjust verdict. Judge Cutting asked how they stood, and the foreman replied, 'eleven to one, your honor.' 'Who is the one?' asked the judge, angrily. 'Let him stand up.' The juror arose and received a scathing rebuke from Mr. Cutting, who permporily discharged him from further duty. The case went over to the next term, and was again tried, resulting in a verdict in accordance with the views of the one juror. It was then taken to the law court on motion for a new trial and was upheld by the full bench as manifestly right. The man says that whenever he thinks of that case, he thanks God he had the sand to stick to what he believed to be right, and take the rebuke a mistaken judge gave him for so doing." This will do for an exceptional case, but the one man against the 11 is not always filled with good judgment as this one seems to have been.—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

ABOUT PERFUMES.

Perfumes were introduced into Spain by the Arabs, who brought many recipes for making them from the east.

Napoleon loved perfumes, and always had a bottle of rose water or violet water emptied into his bath tub.

From the offensive fusel oil the skill of the chemist has been able to extract the odors of several flowers and fruits.

The recipes of over 300 different oils and perfumes have been preserved in the remains of Roman literature.

In many of the perfume factories of south Europe only the purest olive oil is used in fixing the perfumes of flowers.

Nearly every known perfume is now successfully imitated by the sympathetic processes of the chemical laboratory.

Pastilles are wafers made to be set on fire and in the process of burning give forth the odor of certain plants or flowers.

Every sacrifice offered on a Roman altar was perfumed either with flowers or with some odor extracted from them.

The Southern Aurora.

On February 1, in latitude 66 degrees, longitude 172 degrees 31 minutes, we ran into open water again, having this time spent only six days in the ice-pack. On the 17th the aurora appeared, stronger than I ever saw it in the north. It rose from the southwest, stretching in a broad stream up toward the zenith and down again toward the eastern horizon. The phenomenon this time had quite a different appearance from what we saw on October 20. It now presented long shining curtains rising and falling in wonderful shapes and shades, sometimes seemingly close down to our mastheads. It evidently exerted considerable influence upon the magnetic needle of our compass.—C. E. Borchgrevink, in Century.

—"How do you sell this music paper?" asked the customer at the stationery store. "I'm not certain about it," said the new clerk, "but I think we sell it by the choir."—Chicago Tribune.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

—A 50-foot granite shaft, the longest piece of granite ever taken out of a quarry in Vermont, was quarried at Barre a few days ago.

—Cats can smell even during sleep. When a piece of meat is placed immediately in front of a sleeping cat's nose the nostrils begin to work as the scent is received, and an instant later the cat will wake up.

—"Instead of colds coming from atmospheric changes, as people generally suppose," says a noted physician, "they generally originate, in my opinion, by breathing impure air. Ninety-nine per cent. of what are termed colds are nothing more nor less than the poisoning of the mucous membranes by bad air."

—Orange growing in Arizona is declared to have passed the experimental stage, and will become an important industry in the territory. This year's crop in the Salt river valley, where most of the experimental groves are situated, is large and of excellent quality. The Arizona oranges ripen somewhat earlier than those in southern California.

—Seventy thousand tons of the stern and rock-bound coast of Maine were shipped from two quarries alone last year. The total amount of granite shipped away yearly reaches an astounding figure, and the geography of the Maine coast is being considerably changed by the cutting out and shipping away of islands of granite and not a little of the mainland.

—Last year 25,115,903 fewer cigars were made in the United States than in 1894, and 8,358,380 more pounds of smoking tobacco was manufactured. During the year there were manufactured in the country 4,180,915,203 cigars, 3,768,911,677 cigarettes, 256,160,505 pounds of tobacco and 11,705,414 pounds of snuff. There was an increase in the output of cigarettes by 435,767,077 over 1894, and a decrease of 477,120 pounds in the amount of snuff manufactured.

—Mixtures of air with less than 7.7 per cent. of acetylene burn completely to water and carbon dioxide, according to M. Le Chotelier's experiments, reported to the Academie des Sciences; with between 7.7 and 17.4 per cent. of acetylene the products consist of water, carbon monoxide and dioxide, and hydrogen, with a larger percentage of acetylene, free carbon and unburnt acetylene are found. With oxygen mixtures containing between 2.8 and 93 per cent. of acetylene will catch fire with air; the limits are 2.8 and 65 per cent. In tubes these limits are narrowed down, till in tubes of one-half a millimeter or less it is impossible to propagate a flame.

FAMILY ARITHMETIC.

A Connecticut Mathematician and His Queer Freak.

The strange names bestowed upon helpless children by their parents have formed the subject of many amusing stories. In a Connecticut town, some years ago, there lived a peculiar couple who selected the names of their children apparently with a view of educational exercises. There were 14 children in the family, and they were named for the numerals in regular order, beginning with "One."

The father was locally famous as a mathematician and during the early years of his children they had a daily tuition which seemed extraordinary to their playmates, who were provided with everyday names.

"Three and Four go out to the woodbox and get your mother some kindlings," the mathematical father would say, appearing before a group of his numerical offspring.

Three and Four would keep on playing ball, or whatever game happened to be engrossing their attention, but a diminutive person who commonly answered to the name of "Seven" was sure to drop his play, and start for the woodbox.

One member of this family, who rejoiced in the cognomen "Two," lived to attain considerable distinction, and the record of some of his achievements and successes is preserved in the town history, together with a short account of the various sums in addition, subtraction, multiplication and division which his father devised from the material afforded by his children, and in which the youthful "Two" played an important part.

"TIP IT."

A Trivial Pastime Popular Among Lancashire Gamblers.

Among the strange sports of Lancashire is a game known variously as "coddam" or "tip it."

As the Lancashire man of sporting tendency must have a wager on everything that engages his attention, a lot of money changes hands on this game, generally in a small way, but quite frequently in substantial sums. Indeed, says London Answers, there is a recognized champion player of "tip it," who is open to back himself for £25 to "lick creation."

And this is how it is played: The rival players take a button, or some small article, and sit on opposite sides of a table. The beginner puts his hands under the table, and, taking the button in one of them, raises his closed fists into view, and the business of the other is to say in which hand the button is held. The button changes sides as it is found, and the game goes on until the points are reached.

It is often played with two or four a side, and the champion will meet a dozen at a time, and discover the hand holding the button by a sort of instinct.

The position of the thumbs decides whether the game is "coddam" or "tip it." On this trivial pastime hundreds of pounds change hands every year in some parts of Lancashire.

Trained Goats.

In Swizerland and other mountainous countries the goat leads long strings of animals daily to and from the mountains, but it is in South Africa that it is particularly kept and employed as a leader of flocks of sheep. Should a blinding storm of rain or hail drive the silly sheep before it, or cause them to huddle together in a corner, so as to suffocate each other, the trained goat will wake them up, and by a method best known to himself will induce them to follow him to a place of safety.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - - - MAY 8, 1896.

THE 70-cent mining rate will remain in force in Western Pennsylvania.

THE paymaster's clerk of the United States steamer Detroit shot and fatally wounded Mis Watson, of whom he was jealous while in China.

THE traditional church mouse may be very poor, indeed, but not so the churches. According to Dr. H. K Carroll, who took the recent religious census of the United States, the value of the church property of this Christian land is fully $800,000,000.

THE Republican leaders in the south have been raising the old cry about ballots and bullets. The party which they represent finds the barrel and the boss better instruments before a general election. Bayonets and ballots always come up after a Republican victory.

THE report of the superintendent of the San Francisco mint shows that the output of gold in California increased from $13,863,281 in 1894 to $15,834,317 in 1895. Thirty three of the fifty-seven counties of the state are regular producers of gold, and new mines are being discovered every year.

THE secretary of the navy has granted six months leave, with permission to go abroad, to Lieutenant R. E. Peary. Although no explanation is furnished of the object of this leave it is supposed that the officer is about to go to Greenland for the purpose of bringing home the largest meteoric in existence, which he discovered when last in that country.

HENRY DISSTON, the head of the extensive saw works of Henry Disston & Sons, of Philadelphia, was found dead in his bed in that city last Thursday, having died of heart failure. Mr. Disston was the second largest insured man in this country, having over a millon dollars on his life. He was born in Philadelphia in 1844, and upon the death of his father, Henry Disston, he was made head of the firm. He leaves a widow, one son and two daughters.

BY a recent act of assembly road supervisors are empowered to proceed upon the request of any land holder whose property fronts on any public road, to establish a proper width and location for a sidewalk along each side of the highway. The width must be not less than six feet for fifty foot roads, and for roads of greater width the sidewalk shall be ten feet wide. When established the law requires the land owner to pay for and keep the sidewalk in repair.

A NEW YORK delegate elected in the interest of Governor Morton and pledged to oppose Governor McKinley has bolted away brom Boss Platt's setup and announces he will vote for the Napoleonic at St. Louis on the first ballot. The dispatch announcing the fact says: "Mr. Bradley (the delegate) is a manufacturer of cutlery and has large interests in high protective tariffs of the McKinley order." It looks as if Platt's delegation in New York was going to pieces very much as Senator Quay's is bound to do in Pennsylvania.

AT Harrisburg on Monday Beujamin J. Haywood took the oath of office as state treasurer. Major James E Barnett, deputy secretary of the commonwealth, administered the oath. Mr. Haywood succeeds Colonel Samuel M. Jackson, under whom he has served as cashier the past two years. Governor Hastings gave a dinner at the executive mansion on Monday evening in honor of the retiring state treasurer. Mr. Haywood has appointed Major Henry C. Greenwalt, of Franklin county, cashier of the state treasury. Mr. Greenwalt now holds the position of assistant cashier.

THE Nail Trust is protected in fleecing the home consumer by a tariff duty, and has advanced its prices in the home market over 200 per cent. But its nails are sold for export at a reduction of 40 per cent. The discrimination against home purchasers has been so flagrant that it was possible to buy nails for export, ship them abroad, bring them back again, paying freight charges both ways, and sell them in this market for less than the trust wholesale price. The Nail Trust earns dividends for its stockholders ranging from 25 to 30 per cent., and no doubt when the time shall come will be a liberal contributor to the Republican campaign chest.

PAPERS advocating the free coinage of silver, says the New York *Herald*, continue their frantic efforts to persuade American agriculturists that the exports of their surplus products are profitless under our existing gold standard, but would be highly profitable under free silver.

Farmers must be blind as bats if they can be moved by such talk. What can be plainer than the proposition that our farmers, who now get annually $200,000,000, good gold dollars or the equivalent for the surplus products exported to England, would under free coinage receive that number of silver dollars worth only 50 cents apiece? The prices of all surplus farm products are fixed in foreign gold standard countries, and no free coinage act passed by congress can increase them. Any such attempt by congress would be futile and ridiculous as its numerous professed attempts, for political ends, to raise wages by passing high tariff laws—as powerless as an act to "buy the moon."

Free coinage of silver would entail a loss of more than $100,000,000 every year to our farmers and planters on the exports of agricultural products to Great Britain alone, while it would nearly double the cost of their living and of raising their corps.

SENATOR TELLER in his late eye-opening speech, says the Philadelphia *Record*, confirmed the statement of Senator Jones, of Nevada, made three years ago, that the Sherman Silver Purchase act was the price paid by the Protectionists in 1890 to secure a favorable vote in the senate on the McKinley tariff bill. The privilege of robbing the proole at the custom houses was secured by one Republican faction through a concession to the other faction of the privilege of robbing the people at the doors of the mint.

It is probably a remembrance of the success of this scandalous dicker which now seals the lips of McKinley on the money issue. Should a Republican president and a Republican majority in the house of representatives be chosen at the forthcoming November election the attempt to revise the tariff in the interest of clamoring beneficiaries would encounter precisely the same obstacle which it encountered in 1890. All revenue legislation would be at the mercy of the senators from the silver states. As president, McKinley would be able to make no delivery of tariff spoil to his backers withoutthe aid of Teller, Carter, Dubois, Cannon, Jones and other gentlemen from the mining camps, who would hold the keys to protective legislation in their hands, and who would retain control of the situation for the four years of the next presidential term.

In the light of these facts the talk of "protection and bimetallism" and the sphinx-like attitude of the Ohio Napoleon on the silver question are self explanatory. The silver gentry have the whiphand in the game; and they know it. They do not disguise their intention to use their power for all it is worth to them.

The protected manufacturers, who are called upon to furnish the "fat" necessary for campaign purposes, when they consider the disastrous consequences to the country which resulted from the bargain of 1890, and the impossibility of procuring future tariff legislation except it be accompanied by the free coinage of silver, will think twice before they put their hands in their pockets.

The country wants industrial peace and sound money a great deal more than it wants McKinley, with his free silver commitments.

ON Friday morning last the New York *World* asked Candidate McKinley: "Are you willing to guarantee, as far as a candidate can, that if you are elected the present monetary standard of the United States shall be permanently maintained?" Some hours later the candidate made answer: "Give my compliments to the *World*; but I have nothing to say."

Nothing to say! Of course, Mr. McKinley has nothing to say with so many Western delegates yet to be secured! As a matter of fact, he has never had any thing to say, or he could not have played the Sphynx so successfully now. But he ought to have something to say. This is the judgement of many senators and represtatives of his party, whose views made nearly a column in the New York *Herald* of recently, and who rightly hold that it is the duty of every candidate to let his country know where he stands.

Even Senator Sherman has felt that the candidate ought to open his mouth; and he has made two attempts to be his oracle which has been most ludicrously at variation with each other. The New York *World* will get nothing out of McKinley; for if he ever had a thought of his own upon the currency question he has skilfully concealed it from his fellowmen beyond the keenest scrutiny of interviewers. But our enterprising New York contemporary should not be deterred. It should go ahead and put its questions to the candidates; for McKinley's shyness or cowardice may yet cost him the nomination at St. Louis and throw the prize to one among his rivals in the field.

ON Wednesday President Cleveland by his signature extended the provisions of the civil service law to 30,000 government employees, increasing the number of positions on the classified list from 55,736 to 85,185 and with a few minor exceptions between the extremes of officials whose confirmation by the senate is constitutionally requisite, down to mere laborers and workmen, governmental appointments are withdrawn as far as possible from political influence and protected in their tenure of office by the merit system. The president's signature cancelling all former orders previously issued and substituting the new rules, was immediately filed in the state department and went into effect at once, thus forestalling any possible action throughout the country by appointing officials or transferring employees or in any other way evading the rules before formally notified of them. From the moment of its signature the new order made all government officials directly responsible to the commission for appointments and changes. To day's revision of the rules divides the executive civil service into five branches, as follows: The department service, the custom house service, the government printing service and the internal revenue service.

FULLY ten thousand American horses, have found a market in the chief cities of Germany within the past year, and they have given general satisfaction—except, of course to local dealers, who have found their home market invaded, and who have promptly brought such pressure to bear upon the imperial government that the usual result in such cases (a system of inspection) has followed. The next step in the process of exclusion, if precedents shall avail, will be the announcement on high microscopic authority that the American horse is unhealthy, and that the protection of the domestic breed from epizooty and the other ills that horseflesh is heir to demands that he shall be barred out absolutely.

Washington Letter.

Washington, May 2, 1896.—Senator Gorman's speech protesting against Republican extravagance in providing for an expenditure of $600,000,000 when the estimates of the government receipts for the next fiscal year are only $374,000,000 was a notice served upon the Republicans that during the coming campaign the people should be fully posted upon Republican intentions, not avowed, but surely indicated by the action of their leaders in both branches of this congress, to increase federal taxation all around, in order to raise the money to meet needless appropriations. The men who are in control of the Republican party apparently wish to put this country upon a European basis in the matter of expenditures, and perhaps in other ways. Now, Mr. Gorman and other leading Democrats believe that a majority—an overwhelming majority, of the plain, everyday people of this country favor the American idea of economy in public expenditure, and oppose public extravagance in any and every form; and they intend to see that the facts are placed before the people.

Not a little amusement has been caused by the testimony of Mr. Andrew Carnegie, before the senate naval committee in the investigation as to the cost of armor plates for our fighting vessels, which although given sometime ago was not made public until this week. Mr. Carnegie had the nerve to tell the committee that he considered making the armor for the government at $550. a ton a work of patriotism. The public is wondering what Mr. Carnegie calls the contract he has made with the Russian government to furnish the same kind of armor for $300 a ton. Abuses brought to light by that investigation caused the senate to amend the naval appropriation bill so as to prohibit the employment of naval officers by private contractors after June 30 1897. While nothing positively criminal was shown in connection with such employment enough suspicion was engendered to make it desirable to put a stop to the practice.

Ex-congressman John D. Anderson, of W. Va., takes a rosy view of Democratic prospects in that state. He says: "The Democrats in my state are going to make a great fight this year to redeem the state from Republican rule, and I think they are going to win. It is going to be a pretty exciting contest, but our party is united, and the conditions are all favorable to success."

The senate evidently is not afraid of the A. P. A., whatever its other faults may be. After listening to masterly eulogies on the life and character of Father Marquette by Senators Vilas and Mitchell, of Wisconsin, and Kyle, of South Dakota, who, by the way, is a Protestant minister, it adopted a joint resolution offered by Senator Palmer, of Ill., accepting the statute of Father Marquette, now in Statuary Hall, and thanking the state of Wis. It remains to be seen whether the A. P. A. can prevent the house adopting this resolution. It is understood that it will make the attempt.

Representative Clarke, who was the unsuccessful "sound money" Democratic candidate for governor of Alabama, has returned to his seat in the house, and he brings good news. He says: "No matter how much we may differ on financial questions, the Democrats of Alabama are harmonious in agreeing that the best interests of the state require that it shall remain under Democratic control. We are all together in the support of the ticket just nominated and will elect it fairly and triumphantly." That's the way for a Democrat to talk. There is no sore head under that man's hat.

McKinley's managers stole a march on Reed when they captured that Vermont state convention, even if they failed to get everything they wanted from the Illinois convention. It begins to look as though Quay and Platt had undertaken a task of gigantic proportions in trying to keep McKinley from getting that nomination. Their latest scheme of uniting all the opposition to McKinley on Harrison is not at all pleasing to Reed, who hates Harrison. One of Reed's friends speaking of this scheme said: "If Platt and Quay can't beat McKinley without taking up Harrison they can't beat him at all. Just Remember what I say. If these men try to stampede the convention to Harrison McKinley will be nominated, and the man who will do most to bring it about will be Tom Reed. Reed wants the nomination himself, and next to getting it he wants to keep Harrison out of it."

Embezzler Tried in Mexico.

Washington, D. C., May 4.—Minister Ransom reports from Mexico that Chester W. Roe, the embezzling county treasurer of Powershick county, Iowa, has been convicted of bringing stolen property into the Republic and sentenced to 12 years' imprisonment, to pay a fine of $2,000 (all he had left of the embezzled money), and to forfeit his recently-acquired Mexican citizenship.

On fleeing to Mexico, Roe became naturalized through the purchase of property, and when the state department asked for his extradition the request was refused on the ground that the embezzler was a Mexican citizen.

Some sharp letters were sent to the Mexican authorities, but they remained obdurate, promising, however, to bring Roe to trial on the charge of which he has now been convicted. Roe's brother, who went with him to Mexico, and who did not become a citizen of that country, was handed over to the Iowa authorities for trial as an accessory in his brother's crime.

Sixty Met Awful Deaths.

Victoria, B. C., May 2.—Advices from New Zealaud bring details of the recent explosion and loss of life in the Brunner Colliery. The mine was free from fire damp before the men went to work, and the surmise is that the explosion was caused by a sudden inflow of gas let loose by the breaking down of coal.

Of the sixty men entombed not one escaped death. All but twelve were married, most of them with large families, and 260 women and children were left desolate. Undismayed by the deadly gas, scores of men volunteered to work for the rescue of the entomed miners, toiling all night to reach them, but their efforts were without avail.

A Highwayman Fatally Wounded.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 4.—John Cawley and Thomas Reynolds, young men of Broderick, near here, were arrested on Saturday for attempted highway robbery. Cawley was jailed, but Reynolds, who is probably fatally wounded, is at home. The men are thought to be guilty of a number of highway robberies and burglaries that have been committed of late. Wednesday night they held up John Leary, who drew his revolver and shot Reynolds. Cawley then fled. Leary reported to the police, who advise him to say nothing until they could locate the highwaymen.

THE late Baron de Hirsch is said to have bequeathed $5,000,000 to the Prince of Wales.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Persia's Ruler Murdered

Teheran, May 2.—The aged Shah, who was crowned almost 50 years ago, was assassinated in cold blood at 2 yesterday afternoon, while entering the inner sanctuary of the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim. The murderer, who has been captured, was disguised as a woman and stepping out in front of the Shah, fired point blank at his heart, the ball passing through the body, causing death two hours later. The shrine of Shah Abdul Azim, where the murder occurred, is about six miles out from Teheran. The body of the wounded ruler was picked up from the floor where he had fallen and hastily driven back to the palace where Dr. Thologan, his private physician did all in his power to save his life, but to no avail. At 4 P. M two hours after the shooting, death came.

Nasir Ed-Din, Shah of Persia, was born April 24, 1829, and succeeded to to the throne on September 10, 1848, on the death of his father. He was crowned at Teheran, October 20, 1848.

Whether the assassin is a fanatic or is a member of an organized association or band of assassins is not known positively, but the latter is suspected. He was seized by the attendants of the Shah immediately after firing the fatal shot, but he steadfastly refused to give his name.

Bank Moving on Sunday.

New York, May 3.—The Central National Bank, of which Mayor Strong is president, was transferred to new quarters to-day, and an army of armed men assisted in the moving. Central office detectives, police sergeants, patrolmen and citizens carrying pistols helped in the moving. The banking establishment was transferred from the building at Broadway and Canal street to the old Tradesmen's National Bank building, at No. 291 Broadway.

The Central is to put up a new building on its site. This moving of the bank's cash was the most difficult part of the work. The gold and silver that had lain in the old bank vaults was taken out, counted, put in canvas sacks and sealed. The men who did the carrying had to give bonds, and they hired a dozen armed men to accompany the trucks. There were four truckloads of bank notes, gold coin and specie. In all $2,000,000 was transferred, and it took three hours to complete the work. The total force of armed guards numbered 60.

His Little Scheme Failed.

Bucyrus, O., May 3.—The old lightning rod swindle, which has caught so many persons in past years, ran up against a Crawford county man this week and went broke. A man appeared at the home of George Kerr, south of Bucyrus, and wanted to put lightning rods on his farm buildings and produced a contract, in which it was made to appear the rods would be put up at a total cost of $10. Mr. Kerr signed the contract, but kept it. The man appeared with several loads of material and proceeded to arrange to put up rods by the dozen. Mr. Kerr, who had consulted a lawyer, asked him by whose authority he went to work. The man replied he had a contract. Mr. Kerr insisted on his showing the contract, which he was not able to do, whereupon Mr. Kerr informed him that he could go ahead and wire the buildings at $10, as he had agreed, or leave. The smooth individual seeing he had been beaten left. The contract was so worded that each point would cost the farmer $25, making the total cost about $600.

He Robbed the Poor.

Pittsburg, May 4.—Lorin Chambers, who is charged with being instrumental in swindling thousands of people in Pittsburg and Philadelphia within the past few years, is in a cell at the county jail. His arrest ends a long chase. Lorin Chambers is the oldest son of a good old Philadelphia family. In the summer of 1874 Chambers came to Pittsburg, accompanied by his brother, W. D. Chambers, and R H Black and N. H. Miller. They opened an office on Fourth avenue under the name of the Commercial Loan and trust company. The plan of this institution was the sale of bonds, the par value of which was alleged to be $500, to poor people. The scheme was new then, and hundreds of people invested. Subsequently the quartette disappeared without redeeming any of the bonds.

Bargains in Babies.

Vancouver, B. C., May 3.—As a result of the Chinese Japanese war the slave trade in Manchuria has been increased. The selling of children prevails in China, but the war and consequent famine are driving many more parents to sell their children than formerly. Buyers collect the poor little fellows just as keepers of registry office collect coolies. A merchant saw in Manchuria a woman leading six children, from 5 to 12 years of age, barefooted and almost naked. The price of a child if intelligent and attractive is 10 yen—$1 06—the ugly ones bring only a few cents. The slave broker gives guarantee to the purchaser that the child's parents will never again claim or acknowledge the child sold.

Would Marry or Die.

North Bennington, Vt., May 3.—It was learned to-day that Sadie Hansley, a 16-year-old girl living at Hoosick, N. Y., just over the state line, attempted suicide last week because of a love affair with a youth named Stanley, who resides near here. Sadie's parents refused to allow the two to marry because of their youth. Sadie after vain pleadings shot herself in her room. The bullet entered the left lung near the heart. After the wound had been probed and the bullet removed the girl's parents summoned Stanley and a minister married them. The girl is not yet out of danger.

Strike in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, May 4.—A strike of all the electric railway and electrical lighting workers in the city took place this morning. The company had rejected the demands of the men and Italians and negroes to man the cars and lighting plants are arriving from Chicago.

The motorman who handled the car conveying the new men to the East side barns deserted his car. Special officers are being sworn in and company and municipal authorities are preparing for trouble.

JACKSON'S HOPE GONE

His Chief Witness Known to Have Lied.

MAN WHO COACHED HIM CONFESSES.

Detective Seward Tells Colonel Nelson How He Concocted Truste's Testimony and Begs For Mercy—Other Witnesses of the Defense Lodged In Jail.

NEWPORT, Ky., May 6.—The most sensational developments of the Scott Jackson trial have occurred. Colonel Nelson, for the prosecution, has been begged by John Seward, the detective, for mercy. Seward voluntarily came to Nelson and offered to make a full confession to the effect that he had procured Truste to come on the stand as a witness for the defense, and had invented the testimony which Truste gave. Seward made this offer with the request that he be freed from punishment for his act in consideration of his confession. Colonel Nelson has not yet determined what course he will pursue in the case.

The defense has rested, just two weeks having been spent in examining witnesses.

The defense presented Ed Mosley, James Smith and John Lee, all members of the Caldwell guards, of which George H. Jackson is captain. All had made depositions that George H. Jackson, the colored cab driver, was from 11 o'clock Friday night, Jan. 31, until 2 a. m., Feb. 1, engaged in a courtmartial and could not have driven the cab to the scene of the murder. On the stand they all swore that the drill of the guards was on Friday night and the courtmartial on Wednesday night. Their squirming on the stand was very amusing. They were all three bound in $250 each to remain as witnesses and they lodge in Newport jail. All three denied signing these depositions.

William Beasley of the Caldwell guards also contradicted a deposition which he admitted he signed for the defense. He said the deposition was untrue and that it was not read to him. Eugene Hart and William Robison, members of the Caldwell guards who had made no deposition, testified that the drill ended at midnight, Friday night, Jan. 31, in time to allow the captain, George H. Jackson, to make that murderous cab drive with Walling. Jackson and Pearl Bryan that he has described with such detail.

William McCarthy of Kingsville, Casey county, Ky., gave testimony extremely damaging to Seward's and Truste's character.

SHOT HIS WIFE AND SON.

The Dying Boy Put a Bullet Into His Murderous Father.

HINTON, W. Va., May 6.—"Dad" Culp, a butcher at Ronceverte, W Va., has shot and fatally wounded his wife and son and in return was shot himself. Culp went home in a drunken frenzy and a family row ensued. Culp fired at his son Edward, a young man of 21 years, the ball striking him in the forehead.

As he fell on his knees the boy managed to shoot his father through the left shoulder. The wife received a shot from the pistol in the hands of her husband. The son is dead and the wife cannot live. Culp is under arrest.

Prince Will Entertain Bayard.

LONDON, May 6.—The Prince of Wales will entertain the United States ambassador, Mr. Thomas F. Bayard, at dinner today, the first time since he has been here.

A Failure In Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 6.—The German-American Title company has filed a deed of assignment. Assets estimated at $225,000; liabilities estimated at $209,000.

Prominent Chicagoan Killed.

CHICAGO, May 6.—Lonis H Boldenweck, a retired capitalist and president of the Chicago Kid Glove company, has been killed by falling down an elevator shaft.

The Strike In Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 6.—The street car company has succeeded in running 34 cars. Petty riots are still occurring.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Middle Creek colliery, at Tremont, idle for two years, resumed operations with 600 men.

—Louis H. Boldenweck, a retired Chicago capitalist, was killed by a fall down an elevator shaft.

—Four hundred union plumbers at Kansas City went on a strike on Monday for eight hours at nine hours' pay.

—Charles Bower, who was drowned at Williamsport, had $300 in his pocket, and his body has not been recovered.

—Paymaster E. B. Webster, of the gunboat Yorktown, is charged at San Francisco with embezzling trust funds.

—The German-American Title company, of of Louisville, Ky., has failed, with assets and liabilities of about $200,000 each.

—Dauphin court decided that the state is entitled to the fees of the Lancaster Quarter Sessions clerks, amounting to over $3,000.

—James Daugherty shot and killed James Dennie, at Burton, Mo., during a quarrel. Daugherty and his brother were seriously wounded.

—John T. Jones has been sentenced to eight years' imprisonment and fined 8,000 for taking gold from the United States mint at Tarson, Nev.

—Bella Stout, the 12-year-old daughter of John Stout, living near New Hope, started out to visit a neighbor several weeks ago and has not been heard of since.

—Oscar George Westphal, a barber, of Buffalo, N. Y., struck George Bischoff, a tailor, such a blow with his fist as to break his neck, and was arrested. Bischoff was beating one of Westphal's children.

—Twelve and one half tons of silver bullion, valued approximately at $375,000, will shortly be shipped from the Eureka Hill. This, it is said, will be the largest and most valuable single car shipment ever made from a mine in Utah and, it is believed, in the world.

The Biggest Fool at Large.

Is the individual who persistently neglects his health, and the means of preserving and restoring it. Many persons who are not constitutional idiots do this. They are genuine objects of compassion as well as censure. A failure of appetite, loss of sleep and flesh, impaired digestion, an uncertain condition of the bowels and symptoms of billiousness are so many warnings of the approach of disease. To disregard them is abject folly, which offended nature in due time punishes severely, if not fatally. That genuine and thoroughly reliable preventive of bodily mischief in the shape of chronic disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will, if resorted to in time, avert those disorders, to the removal of which it is also fully adequate. Among these are chronic indigestion, liver complaint, kidney troubles, constipation, nervousness, rheumatism and malaria.

B. & B.

Have You Any

DRY GOODS TO BUY?

Wash Goods—Dress Goods—Silks—anything—no matter what—send here for samples and let them and the prices prove whether it's any to your pocketbook's interest to buy here, as we state most emphatically and positively it is, and as you yourself will acknowledge when you see the goods.

SAMPLES don't cost you anything and they'll tell a lot about styles and values and this store's way of doing business, that will be well for you to know, we think, no matter if you do live miles away.

Write for the below mentioned and let them indicate what we mean:

SILK GINGHAMS, 25c.—the choicest selected designs and the best original quality that used to bring 50c. We have some others at 18c.

SILKS—large assorted lot of stylish warp prints at $1.00—everyone of them worth more money—some a good deal more.

A thousand yards of 32-inch Black Velour for making the stylish caps, $1.25 a yard. We don't believe its equal was ever sold under $2.00.

Send for samples elegant foreign Dress Goods and Suitings, 50c. to $2.50; or if you want something less costly, the American made goods—all wool copies of high-class imported good 25c. and 35c.; and send for our catalogue—that's free also.

BOGGS & BUHL,

Allegheny, Pa.

Assignee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises in Clearfield township, in said County of Cambria, on

FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1896,

at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Clearfield, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, on the public road between Chest Springs and Ashville, adjoining lands of Sutton heirs, David Litzinger heirs, John S McHugh, Thomas Miller and others, containing

200 ACRES

more or less, and having thereon erected on one end of the land a large TWO-STORIED FRAME HOUSE and large bank barn and out buildings, and on the other end of the land a

TWO-STORIED

FRAME HOUSE

and barn and outbuildings. All buildings being in good repair.

If it be desired by purchasers the said land will be divided into two parts by a designated line and sold in separate pieces if thereby better prices can be obtained than by selling the land in one whole piece.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third to be paid at the confirmation of sale; one-third in one year and the remaining third in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of purchaser.

ANNA BURK,
Administratrix of Edward Burk, deceased.
Altoona, Pa., April 30th, 1896. ma1 3t.

BAYARD'S

PINK - DYSPEPSIA - TABLETS.

A SURE CURE FOR

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION.

Will immediately Strengthen Stomach and Restore Appetite. For sale by Druggists or sent promptly by mail on receipt of price. 50c. a box.

BAYARD DRUG CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Nov. 1 6m.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

CANCER and tumors CURED; no knife; book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BUSH, 168 Race Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

Orphans' Court Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises in Clearfield township, in said County of Cambria, on

FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1896,

at 2 o'clock, P. M.

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Clearfield, County of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, on the public road between Chest Springs and Ashville, adjoining lands of Sutton heirs, David Litzinger heirs, John S McHugh, Thomas Miller and others, containing

84 ACRES

more or less.

No. 2 A piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Washington, aforesaid, adjoining lands of Peter Moyer, deceased, and others containing

20 ACRES

more or less, and having thereon erected a

TWO-STORY

FRAME HOUSE.

No. 3. The undivided third interest in a lot of ground situate in the Borough of Lilly, in said county, adjoining lots of F. M. George and P. A. Thompson, fronting on Railroad street, and running back to Main street, and having thereon erected a large

TWO-STORIED

FRAME STORE ROOM.

No 4. A lot of ground situate on Railroad street, in said Borough of Lilly, adjoining lots of John L. Lacy, Jr., George R. Mackintosh and others and having thereon erected a

TWO-STORIED

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale, the balance of one third on confirmation of sale; one-third in one year, and one third in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest, and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of purchaser.

GEORGE FOX,
Assignee of M. A. McGONIGLE
Altoona, P., May 6th, 1896. ma8 3t.

GRAND OPENING

OF

SPRING GOODS

AT

BRADLEY'S MAIN STREET CASH STORE.

New things in Dress Goods, Fancy and Plain. New Styles in Wrapper Goods, Mosburg Silk Finish Henrietta from 13c. to 16c. per yard, entirely new. New Lining of all the latest kinds in the market.

New Embroideries, Lacesand Trimmings.

Full assortment of Prints, Ginghams and Muslins. Full line of all the latest styles in Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

IN MEN'S WEAR

we carry all the latest styles in Shoes, Shirts, Hats, &c., at very low prices. Come and see us when in town.

THOS. BRADLEY,

GALLITZIN.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.

Don't Think

Of wasting time over problems that others have thought out for you.

GOOD RESULTS

Come from long experience.

The Cinderella Stoves and Ranges

Are the result of over thirty-five years experience. They are noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.

Special attention has been paid to making Stoves the way the people want them, with a view of meeting every requirement at a moderate cost.

Their cleanliness lessens labor. Their economy saves money.

Sold by the following dealers:

EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrich. HASTINGS—I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LILLY—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son. [feb27,96]

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at QUINN'S, 134 and 136 Clinton St., Johnstown. Fur Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Dress Goods arriving every day.

Carriage and Wagon Shop.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on the shortest notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,

5.9531. Formerly of Carrolltown.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 17, 1895.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 20 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 25 a m
Main Line Express, daily	10 59 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 57 a m
Way Passenger, daily	2 26 p m
Mail Train, daily	4 26 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave Ebensburg as follows: 7.20 and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57 a. m. and 4.06 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30 a. m. and 5.35 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 a. m., and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 3.10 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.10 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 200 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware. Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

HARNESS, ETC.

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

may2 3mly

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE Both sexes. Write now. CO. A. SCOTT, New York City

bria Freeman.
BURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.
MAY 8, 1896.

AL AND PERSONAL.

A Langdon, of Carrolltown, Ebensburg on Monday.

Milne, died at his home in gs on Monday morning.

students attended the open- Ebensburg normal school.

Conroy, daughter of W. R. Con- Carrolltown, is ill with typhoid fever.

ers in Mercer county de- hands of dollars' worth of

Goode and Fannie Bearer, of are visiting the family of M. D. this place.

Mrs. McDonald, of this place, her sister in Baltimore, re- on Thursday.

report of the fruit up to the pres- is looks unusual to be better. full of blossoms.

annual meeting of the Juniata ical association will be held Friday of this week.

Mrs. Young, died at her home Young Reade township, on Satur- aged about nine years.

Mitchell was in attend- school director was in attend- convention on Tuesday. She Mansfield.

Commissioners' salary case" was the judges of the superior Pittsburg, on Tuesday.

school directors' convention large crowd of people Tuesday.

Bloom was knocked down and pocketbook containing $3 at on Thursday of last week.

special train was run on the branch evening for the accommoda- persons attending the conven-

J. Sample, of the Cresson Re- Johnson on Tuesday and paid CHANGE a short but pleasant

E. Beers, landlord of the House, is making numerous that well conducted

rough authorities are putting block stone on Centre street, for of three squares north of the

of the building occupied by , at Cresson, caught fire on but was discovered in time and extinguished.

residence of George W. Rowles, county, Clearfield county, was de- by fire on Monday about noon. stock with no insurance.

Mrs. Ferguson, of Blacklick town- was on the sick list for a couple during the winter was in town and is rapidly regaining his

monthly meeting of the Berks Agricultural society reports were to the effect that a number of had ploughed up their wheat sown them in oats.

Cambria Manufacturing com- making a large air shaft in its clay mine, south of its works, to give to the miners. The hole is thirty-five feet now.

Joseph Bearer, a well-known citi- Cambria township has been seriously ill with pneumonia but latest ac- ounts on his condition as being much on a fair road to recovery.

Mrs. Schaffer, an aged resident of , died at her home in that Monday, aged about 80 years. survived by her husband, who is an Ebensburg, and grown up children.

Conrad Kratzer was struck by the just west of Lilly about 5 Wednesday evening. The was fractured and it is other- said it will probably not re-

A. Wenner, a prominent physi- Johnstown, and a native of Cam- ria, has purchased a dwelling Johnstown and will residence in that city about

Samuel Thomas, who was caught while assisting in tak- cable in the East ward, about ago, is still living but his con- considered little or no hopes of recovery.

Last week Mr. Joseph Fara- the mill proprietor of the Cres- and the plant to Swope Bros., Ebensburg, who have taken charge the business and will continue the operation of the paper.

Peter Schaefer, of Lower Yoder town- was committed to jail by Alderman Johnstown, on Saturday on a of the peace. He is in- very violent, and he will like- delirium.

—The latest is corn-cob syrup, which it is said, experts cannot tell from the finest maple product. To make it take twelve clean cobs, put into a gallon of water, boil till quite soft; strain off the juice and add a gallon of dissolved brown sugar. When cold it is delicious, according to an Ohio paper whose readers say they have tried it.

—Andrew Peters, whose home was at Hazleton, Pa., attempted to board a moving train at Summerhill on Sunday afternoon and missing his hold fell under the wheels and had both his legs ground off near the knees. He was taken to Johnstown on an engine and then to the Memorial hospital. He died at 8 o'clock on Sunday evening.

—Frank Triple, aged about 40 years, of Saginaw, Mich., was found unconscious on the stone bridge, Johnstown, at two o'clock on Saturday morning. It is supposed that he was struck by a train. He was taken to the Memorial hospital, where Dr. W. B. Lowman attended to him. He is suffering from a concussion of the brain, but the doctor expects him to recover.

—The work of straightening the P. R. R. track between Lilly and Portage, says the South Fork *Record*, is not being pushed as rapidly at present as during the first two months of the work. It is said the company has decided to spend a specified amount each month at the job. Many of the laborers have beendischarged, but this is due partly to the fact that much of the surface work has been done.

—Lizzie Mitchell, a prisoner in the Williamsport jail, Wednesday night of last week, set fire to old clothes and paper on the floor of the cell in a spirit of revenge for punishment inflicted by reason of obstreperousness. The girl got more than she wanted, for she nearly choked to death by the smoke and had to be assisted to the corridor by the sheriff. The flames on the floor were easily extinguished.

—John Robb, an aged track workman on the Pennsylvania railroad, whose home is at Nineveh, while trying to get out of the way of a west-bound freight train near his home at an early hour Saturday morning, tripped on a stone and fell in front of the engine, the pilot of which struck him, breaking three of his left ribs and one of his collar bones. He was carried to his home at Nineveh. His condition is critical.

—On Sunday afternoon William Arble and George McCans, two Altoona boys, were playing at the former's home and found an old 32-calibre revolver which they supposed was not loaded. After Arble had snapped the pistol once or twice it went off and the ball entered McCans' right side near the ninth rib, glancing off and burying itself in the flesh where it could not be found. It is not certainly known whether the wound will prove fata' or not.

—Minnie Swanger, the 12-year-old Altoona girl, who poisoned her uncle, William McGregor, by placing a dose of rough on rats in his coffee, was on Monday morning, at Hollidaysburg, sentenced by Judge Bell to the custody of the Children's Aid Society, of Western Pennsylvania in the society's institution at Pittsburg. The child's grandmother also drank the poisoned coffee, and neariy died. The girl's motive was to obtain the old woman's insurance money.

—Miss Mattie, daughter of Evan Jones, miller, a former resident of Cambria township, died at her home in Derry, Pa., on Friday of last week from scarlet fever, aged about twenty years. Her remains were brought to Belsano on Sunday and interred in the Methodist cemetery. On account of the refusal of the railroad company to carry the remains owing to the contagious nature of the disease with which she died, the funeral procession drove overland a distance of forty miles to Belsano, where two other children of Mr. Jones were burned.

—Burglars broke into the Pennsylvania and Northwestern railroad station at Mahaffey some time Monday morning. After ransacking the building, scattering books, papers and the contents of a trunk over the floor, they tore the case containing the tickets, stamp and money drawer from its fastenings and carried it to the river bank, 20 rods distant. Here it was found about noon by some boys and the station agent, D. E. Williams. The contents of the money drawer, about 25 cents in pennies, was abstracted. The tickets and stamp was found intact at the same place.

—In 1862 Mr. Bates George, of Indiana county, attempted to cross a bridge on a road in Blacklick township, Indiana county, with a traction engine. The bridge proved to be unable to carry the load and the engine went down about eight feet The supervisor refused to settle the matter, and Mr. George brought suit to recover. The case has just been decided in the Indiana county court in favor of Mr. George, damages being awarded him to the amount of $335. The costs on the suit will make this neglect of the supervisor cost Blacklick township about $1,000.

—John Strunguest, a Swede, was brought to jail in this place, one day last week to answer to a charge of horse stealing, preferred by David Rose, Sr., of Jackson township. A short time before, Mr. Rose's son, David, had driven to a neighbors and hitched his horse and buggy to a post. While David was in the house, Strunguest came along, untied the horse and drove off. He was followed to Bell's Mill, Indiana county, where he was captured and brought back, and is now in jail to answer to the charge. Strunguest is about 30 years of age and formerly worked at Patton.

—The members of the West Branch Coal company, recently chartered at Harrisburg, met at Spangler the other day and organized for business. The company owns two thousand five hundred acres of the best coal territory in that region, on the west side of the Susquehanna river, adjoining Spangler, and will begin its development. The members of the company present were W. D. Bigler, assistant United States treasurer at Philadelphia; ex-Senator W. W. Betz, and H. F. Bigler, of Clearfield, and William Emory, of Williamsport, all prominent in coal and financial circles.

—A telegram sent out from Philadelphia on Tuesday evening contained the following concerning the railroad which has been built part way across Indiana county, and allowed to stand at that: "The Pittsburg & Eastern railroad projectors, having completed the grading of the first fifteen miles of the line from Mahaffey, its eastern terminus, and having arranged to connect with Andrew Carnegie's Pittsburg & Butler line, will rush the remainder of the first fifty miles. Bids for grading fifty miles more from Cush Creek to Saltsburg, will be invited soon. It is said the Vanderbilts are interested in the line."

—Mr. Charles Kreamer, of this city, has consumated a big lumber deal by which he has secured a large tract of land in Cambria county. It is estimated there are 85,000,000 feet of pine, hemlock and hard wood on the track. The Pennsylvania Railroad company has decided to build a branch road from Clinton, a distance of six miles, to the place where Mr. Kreamer will erect his steam saw mill in the woods. The mill at Dauphin which was erected to saw flood logs, has been taken down and loaded on cars and is now on the way to Cambria county. There will be eight or ten year's sawing on the tract which Mr. Kreamer has secured.—*Lock Haven Express.*

The Compulsory School Law.

The compulsory school law passed by the last legislature of this state went into effect on Monday. The proper books for the registration of children of school age are being secured by the commissioners all over the State and will be placed in the hands of the assessors, who are expected to make as full and accurate report concerning them as lies within their power. These reports will be furnished to directors and teachers, whose duty it then becomes, assisted by an attendance officer where necessary, to see that all pupils between the ages of eight and thirteen are in school the requisite number of days—eighty each year being the minimun—unless excused by reason of physical or mental dissability or in the fact that there is no public school building within two miles by the nearest traveling road.

Parents or guardians who neglect to keep all such children in school, except excused by above provisions, are liable to a fine of $2 for the first offense and $5 for each subsequent one.

There was some apprehension concerning where the assessors making an enumeration of the children were going to get the pay for so doing, the law simply stating that they should perform the work and receive pay therefor, but saying nothing about the source thereof. The attorney general has given it as his opinion that the county, and not the township, must foot the bill, since the work is done under the supervision of the County commissioners.

New County Superintendent.

The convention of school directors met on Monday for the purpose of electing a county superintendent of common schools and was called to order at one o'clock by Superintendent Leech.

H. S. Endsley, of Westmont, and William Davis, of Conemaugh, were placed in nomination for chairman, and a ballot resulted in the election of Mr. Davis, by a vote of 188 for Davis, and 121 for Endsley.

Messrs. J. J. McCann, of Lilly, W. C. Shiffler, of Hastings, and D. W. Klinefelter, of Lilly, were elected secretaries.

A motion to have the salary remain at $1,700 was carried.

For county superintendent, Johnson G. West, of Ferndale, nominated Prof. T. L. Gibson, of Ebensburg; George W. Parks, of Conemaugh, nominated Prof. H. S. Bender, of Conemaugh; and P. L. Brown, of Wilmore, nominated Prof. R. H. Biter, of Gallitzin.

The fifth ballot resulted in the election of Professor Gibson. The ballots were as follows:

First.—Gibson, 123; Bender, 46; Biter, 140.

Second.—Gibson, 128; Bender, 36; Biter, 141.

Third.—Gibson, 133; Bender, 32; Biter, 145.

Fourth.—Gibson, 144; Bender, 21; Biter, 140.

Fifth.—Gibson, 152; Bender, 8; Biter, 142.

Trial List for June Court.

Following is the trial list for the second week of June court.

Lloyd vs. Dunlap et al.
C. & C. Coal & Coke Co. vs. Stiles et al.
King vs. Wissinger.
Johnstown Driv. Park Assn. vs. Adair.
Wohl vs. Lofkivitz.
Love Sunshine & Co. vs. C. C. Reilstein & Co.
M'Gee vs. Conway.
Pfoff vs. Weakland.
Goenner & Co. vs. City of Johnstown.
M'Kenrick vs. Gray.
Long vs. Sell.
Glass vs. Poor Directors.
Heslop vs. Keller.
Zentmyer et al. vs. Glunt.
Adams vs. Adams.
Equitable B. & L. Assn. vs. Behe et al.
Thomas vs. Pro. Mt. Fire Ins. Co.
Witt vs. Boyd.
Mangus vs. Bloom.
Cramer vs. Strayer.
American Road Ma. Co. vs. Cushing.
Mardis vs. Brendlinger.
Ellis et al. vs. Dibert.
Leahey vs. Maxwell et al.
Thomas vs. Western Ins. Co.

S. W. DAVIS, Prothy.
Prothonotary's Office, May 4th, 1896.

Portage Postoffice Troubles.

Postmaster J. W. McDonnell, of Portage, is under a 10-days' suspension, pending the straightening of his accounts, which are reported to be $1,000 short.

A year ago John A. Troxall was postmaster, but he was found guilty of embezzlement in office, and being convicted at the November term of the United States District court, was sent to the penitentiary. He is now serving his time. A. B. Smith succeeded Mr. Troxall, but his term of office was short, as his accounts were found to be wrong. He made good his shortage and went free, being succeeded by McDonnell, who is now under suspension.

Miss Esther Thompson is temporarily in charge of the office.

Messrs. F. A. Thompson, of Lilly, and W. J. Brawley, of Portage township, are McDonnell's bondsmen.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, May 7th, 1896:

John Buza and Anna Szejud, Hastings.
John A. Patterson and Lonvenia Reininger, Delaney.
Charles Johnson and Julia Anderson, Johnstown.
Fred W. Goller and Maggie Echensehr, Johnstown.
Joseph G. Buck, Gallitzin, and Lillie M. Conrad, Chest Springs.
Reuben A. Glasser, Elmira, Ohio, and Maggie M. Swank, Johnstown.
Celestine P. Reig, Carrolltown, and Mary G. Gline, Carroll township.
John Wengen and Mary Fabian, Barnesboro.
Samuel Glass and Lizzie Gunder, Johnstown.

Married a Negro.

Edward Crawford, a negro waiter at the Zimmerman house, this place, was arrested, Wednesday, on a charge of fornix, etc., preferred by Miss Rose Jordan, a white girl, who had been employed as a domestic at the same hotel. The girl will soon become a mother. She has been at the Westmoreland hospital for several weeks, her expenses being paid by Crawford. The couple held a conference and decided to settle tha matter by getting married. 'Squire W. C. Loor was summoned and performed the marriage ceremony at the hospital. Her home is at New Baltimore, Somerset county.—*Westmoreland Democrat.*

—Henry Pitts, a colored man, aged 26 years, employed by Contractor McManus on the railroad work near Lilly, met with a bad accident near the Gallitzin tunnel about 6:30 o'clock on Monday evening. He was attempting to board a west-bound freight train, when he missed his footing and was thrown under the wheels. His left leg was ground to a pulp and his face was badly cut in several places. The unfortunate man was sent to Altoona on an engine and taken to the hospital, where it was necessary to amputate his leg about eight inches above the knee. Pitts is unmarried and and officiated as subcontractor under Contractor McMannus.

—At the meeting of the board of school controllers of Johnstown, on Tuesday evening, Prof. J. M. Berkey, superintendent of the Somerset county public schools, was elected city superintendent to succeed T. B. Johnson, whose term expires next month.

Real Estate Transfers.

Andrew W. Goughnour et ux. to Vincent Krist, East Taylor; consideration, $1,000.

Union Cemetery association to William H. Miller, East Taylor, $16.

Spangler Improvement company to J. Luden Henry, Spangler, $150.

James O'Brien et ux. to Robert A. Glass, Allegheny, $40.

Robert A. Glass et ux. to Harry Stevens, Allegheny, $300.

Abner Griffith et ux. to to Webster Land & Improvement company, Summerhill borough, and Croyle, $6,300.

B. F. Price et ux. to Jacob W. Pringle, Johnstown, $2,500.

Clerk of the Orphan's Court to J. M. Haitz, Morrellville, $1.

B. F. Long et ux. by the sheriff, to William B. Sterritt, Portage township, $450.

Mary C. Wentz et vir to Stanislaus Rozssotko, Carroll, $25.

J. L. Woolheater et vir to Teutonia Loan & Building association. Dale, $1,300.

Executor of Jacob Emigh to Joseph Emigh, Summerhill, $3,000.

Thomas H. Parrish et ux. to Annie J. Hogue, Cresson, $800.

John C. Mortin et ux. to John Baptiste Eliegeine, Portage borough, $400.

John C. Martin et ux. to Florestan Neyaux, Portage borough, $175.

Frances Elizabeth Strasbaugh et vir. to Elizabeth Jane Edwards, Blacklick, $250.

John L. Wagner to John W. Miller, Blacklick, $25.

Garret Risban to Nicholas Behe et al., Washington $137.

Sheriff of Cambria county to A. W Buck, Ebensburg, $25.

Benjamin Wirtner et ux. to A. W. Buck, Ebensburg, $435.

A. W. Buck to Helena Luttringer, Ebensburg, $1.

Washington G. St. Clair, by the sheriff, to Cambria Building & Loan association, Lower Yoder, $25.

Frank Heiner, by the sheriff, to Cambria Building & Loan association, Morrellville, $25.

G. W. Marsh, by the sheriff, to Cambria Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $25.

James Howard, by the sheriff, to Johnstown Building & Loan association, Upper Yoder, $25.

C. Lehman, by the sheriff, to Johnstown Building & Loan association, Johnstown, $500.

Philip Mertle, by the sheriff, to Johnstown Building & Loan association, Johnstown $25.

James B. Leamer et al. to Jesse E. Leamer et al., Susquehanna $900.

Amelia K. Glitsch et vir to Conran Mattern, Johnstown, $1,100.

Ellen Garrity et al. to Hannah Bagley, Johnstown, $5.

Chest Creek Land & Improvement company to James A. Rea, Patton, $50.

John Rooney to Harbison & Walker company, Reade, $150.

Mary Fry et al. to Alexandria B. Jordan, Reade, $350.

Mary C. Myers to George B. Moyers, Washington, $1.

George B. Moyers et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad company, Washington, $1,200.

Emma Strayer to George W. Clark, Morrellville, $400.

S. Ellen Strayer to Bruno Danker, Morrellville, $250.

Andrew Peterson to Sarah Peterson, Patton, $1.

Communication.

Patton, Pa., May 5th, 1896.

ED. FREEMAN:—I wish to call the attention of the people of Ebensburg and Patton, as well as the people residing along the way, that a public road leading from Patton to the county seat would be a great convenience and in fact is a public necessity.

There is considerable travel to and from Patton and vicinity to the county seat and it is not always convenient to travel by rail. In fact the railroad connections are such that if a person in Patton wishes to go to Ebensburg and back the same day, the big end of the time is spent at Kaylor's Station and when he reaches Ebensburg, unless his business is very trifling, he must be on the hurry from the time he gets off the train until he gets on again to return.

If we drive from here we must go by way of Carrolltown, which makes the distance fifteen miles. A good road could be made from Patton to Bradley's Junction and thence by Elig's mill, where it would intersect with the road leading to Ebensburg that would reach the county seat with a distance of about ten miles, thereby shortening the distance between the two places about one-third. The farmers along the route who have produce to sell would be benefitted by having better facilities for reaching the mines at Patton, where, in in prosperous times, they would always find a good market for their products. In these days when the "good roads" agitation is permeating the country and the people, why not have a road from Patton to Ebensburg. A good graded road could be made between the two places without great expense that would be of benefit to the people of both places as well as the people residing all along the route. Good facilties for travel, increases travel, and with a good driving road between the two places, nature has already provided the grade, the pleasant days of summer mer would invite its use by people of every class and would bring travel to both towns that with the present connections will stay away.

If the enterprising people of both places, as well as the farmers along the route, would look into the matter with a view to their own benefit, it will be but a short time until a move is made for the road.

ENTERPRISE.

—Miss Ella Stophel, died at her home in Strongstown, Indiana county, on Thursday evening of last week, aged, 68 years. The deceased was a sister of Mrs. Dr. Davison, of this place. Her remains were interred in the cemetery at Strongstown on Saturday morning.

Orphans' Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria County, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the court room of W. A. B. Little, in the Borough of Loretto, Pennsylvania, on

FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1896,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the following described real estate, viz:

A piece or parcel of land situate on the head waters of the Chest and Clearfield Creeks in Allegheny township, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, beginning at a post, a corner of land of the heirs of Samuel McMullen, deceased, and on the road formerly leading from Loretto to Ebensburg; thence west along said road forty-two and one-fourth perches to a post, a corner of William Weakland, deceased; thence north with said land seventy six perches to a post; thence with said Weakland's land east forty-two and one-fourth perches to a post at Samuel McMullen's land and on the road leading from Loretto to Chest Springs; thence south with said McMullin's land seventy six perches to the place of beginning, containing TWENTY ACRES AND ELEVEN PERCHES and having thereon erected a large

TWO-STORIED
FRAME HOUSE

and barn and outbuildings all in good repair.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale, the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale; one-third in one year thereafter, and the remaining third in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest, and to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of purchaser.

M. D. KITTELL,
Trustee to sell the real estate of Michael Leavy, deceased.
Ebensburg, Pa., May 7th, 1896. 3t

Miscellaneous Notices.

WANTED.—A reliable girl as cook. References as to character required.
MRS. O. O. PHILIPS.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. meh22

WANTED.—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. meh29tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in May, $1,000.00.
THOS. DAVIS, President.
LESTER LAMMER, Secretary.

WOOL.
Farmers can get 22 cents per pound in trade for wool at the store of W. A. B. Little, in Loretto. A large and well assorted stock of general merchandise is on hand to select from. apr. 17 6t.

FOR COMMISSIONER:
ROBERT FERGUSON, of Blacklick township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, subject to the decision of the next county convention.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McIlreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

ADJOURNED
Orphan's Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Central Hotel, in Carrolltown, on

SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1896,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Carroll, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, adjoining lands of Sebastian Lauher, Philip Stoltz, James Dick, John A. Bender, Erhart Farabaugh, John Sherry, Henry Farabaugh, Evan Morgan and William Roland, containing

349 ACRES

and thirty-nine acres more or less, and having thereon erected a new

TWO-STORY
PLANK HOUSE

and large bank barn and outbuildings all in good repair. There is a good orchard and plenty of water on the farm. The above described is underlaid with valuable seams of coal, one half mile from railroad. One hundred acres of above land is covered with valuable timber.

THE COAL.

The coal in, under and upon said land together with the usual and necessary mining rights and privileges will be offered for sale separate and apart from the surface, and the surface will be offered separate and apart from the coal, and the said land will be sold either in the whole or severed, to suit the desires of the purchasers, and for the best price that can be obtained therefor.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third of the purchase money at the confirmation of the sale; one-sixth of the purchase money in one year and one sixth in two years from the confirmation of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest and the remaining third of the purchase money to be and remain a lien upon the real estate during the lifetime of the widow Agnes Zern, the interest to be paid to her annually, and the principal payable at her death. The deferred payments to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

ANDREW STRITTMATTER,
AUGUSTIN SHAREAU'4H,
Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Jacob Zern, deceased.
Carrolltown, Pa., May 5th 1896. ma 8 3t.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

Black and White.

You'll never make a mistake in selecting Black or White for a gown—no matter what your age, complection or style—equally good for young and old.

Two Specials

That should, and we believe will, bring us lots of Mail Orders.

PURE TWISTED SILK
Black Grenadines

Manufactured to sell at $1.00 a yard—manufacturer missed in his reckoning—we bought to sell—

50 cents a yard.

Same story applies to 43 inches wide WHITE DOTTED SWISS—regular 65c. quality, bought to sell—and selling fast at

45 cents a yard.

Write for samples of the above, or any goods sold by yard measurement—also ask for OUR NEW SPRING AND SUMMER 1896 CATALOGUE—FREE!

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to ally inflammation and heal the membrane Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 10 94 1y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa In re account of William C. Schroth, assignee of Charles Fagan. The undersigned, having been appointed auditor to report distribution of the funds in the hands of the accountant, as shown by his first and final account to and among the persons legally entitled to receive the same, hereby gives notice that he will sit in the Attorney's Room in the Court House, Ebensburg, Pa., on TUESDAY, MAY 19, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for attending to the duties of said appointment, when all persons interested may attend and be heard or be forever debarred from laying claim to any part of said fund.

F. C. SHARBAUGH,
Auditor.
Ebensburg, Pa., April 22d 1896. 3t.

RESTAURANT NOTICE.

I respectfully give notice to my many patrons of Ebensburg and country people at at large that on and after April 1, 1896, I will move my restaurant from Julian street to Centre street, in sight of the Cambria House, next door to Wilkinson's Marble yard, where I will be pleased to see all my old patrons, hoping a liberal share of the public patronage. I serve meals and lunches at all hours. Price, 15 and 20 cents. I will keep a full line of confectionery, fruits, candies, cigars, oysters, ice cream in season, ice cream in all flavors, special dinners and suppers gotten up by giving timely notice, spring vegetables in season. I will have a special parlor for ladies and their escorts. Thanks for past favors.

Respectfully yours,
JAMES H. GANT.
meh 20 tf.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sarah Hagan deceased.

Letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Sarah Hagan, late of the borough of Gallitzin, in Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS W. HAGAN,
Administrator.
Gallitzin, Pa., May 1st, 1896. ma 8 6t.

Orphans' Court Sale
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria County, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the court room of W. A. B. Little, in the Borough of Loretto, Pennsylvania, on

FRIDAY, MAY 29, 1896,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., all the following described real estate, viz:

A piece or parcel of land situate on the head waters of the Chest and Clearfield Creeks in Allegheny township, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, beginning at a post, a corner of land of the heirs of Samuel McMullen, deceased, and on the road formerly leading from Loretto to Ebensburg; thence west along said road forty-two and one-fourth perches to a post, a corner of William Weakland, deceased; thence north with said land seventy six perches to a post; thence with said Weakland's land east forty-two and one-fourth perches to a post at Samuel McMullen's land and on the road leading from Loretto to Chest Springs; thence south with said McMullin's land seventy six perches to the place of beginning, containing TWENTY ACRES AND ELEVEN PERCHES and having thereon erected a large

TWO-STORIED
FRAME HOUSE

and barn and outbuildings all in good repair.

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Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale, the balance of one-third at the confirmation of sale; one-third in one year thereafter, and the remaining third in two years from the confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest, and to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of purchaser.

M. D. KITTELL,
Trustee to sell the real estate of Michael Leavy, deceased.
Ebensburg, Pa., May 7th, 1896. 3t

IF YOU ARE NOT
=SATISFIED=

Then we are not satisfied until you are satisfied
With goods and prices.

HIGH GRADE GROCERIES.

Everything we have is fresh. We guarantee quality. We want your regular all-the year-around trade. Let us sell you all you can eat.

We sell standard Corn at 5c.
" " Tomatoes, 6c.
" schreded Cocoanut, 8c.
" Prunes, 5, 7, 9 nd 10c.
" Evaporated Peaches, 6c.
" Raisins, 4c.
" Corn Starch, 5c.
" package Coffee, 20c.

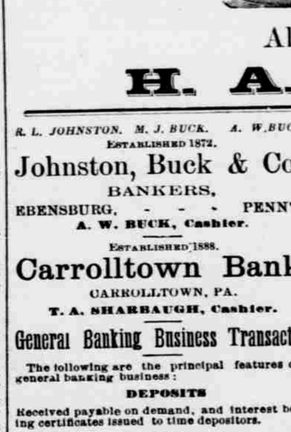
Chop per sack, 85c.
Tea, 18c.
Best Tea, 40c.
3lb. can Apple Butter for 25c.
Syrup, 30c.
L Beans, 5c.
Mustard per glass, 5c.
Apricots, 10c.

The Woman Who Loves Bargains.

They make fun of the woman shopper—everybody does—but it is she who knows a Bargain wot is a Bargain, (as Uncle Reuben would say.)

Yard-wide Muslin, bleached or unbleached, - 4c.
Apron Gingham, - - - - 5c.
Light Calicoes, - - - - - 6c.
Dress Ginghams at - - - - 7c.
Serges, all wool, all colors, 46in. wide at 50c. per yard.

THESE ARE ALL BARGAINS.



WE LEAD

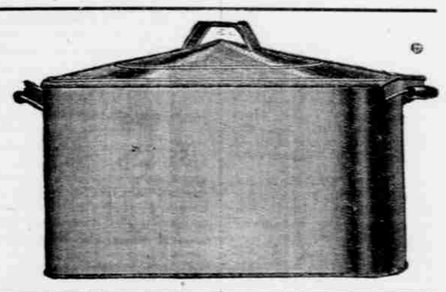
The Carpet Trade and there must be a solid substantial reason for it. There is and the reason isn't hard to locate. It is such goods and offers as these:

All-wool Ingrain Carpet, - - 40c.
Other Ingrain for - - - 25, 30 and 35c.
Home-made Rag Carpet, - 35 and 40c.

If You Are Going to Do Papering

This Spring see our stock of Wall Paper. It is very handsome and low in price.

This cut represents a Wash Boiler that



WILL : NOT : RUST.

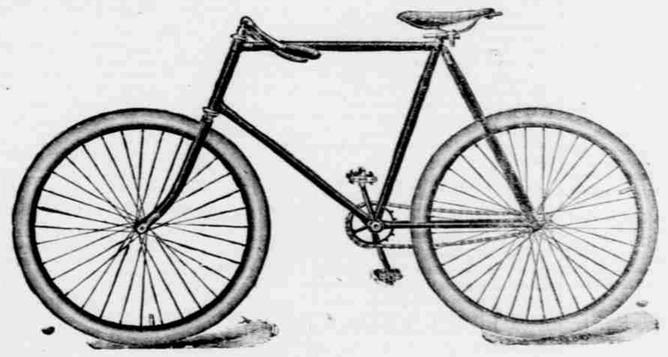
We handle a full line of this Tinware. If any piece rusts bring it back and we will replace it FREE OF CHARGE.

Yours for Low Prices,

H. ORTH,
CALLITZIN, PA.

Goods amounting to $10.00 or over DELIVERED FREE to any point,

BICYCLES. BICYCLES.



All Kinds and Sizes for Sale by

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS
Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS
Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS
Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS
Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS
Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

S. L. REED. MATHIOT READE.

REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28 93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. ch7-'890

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
Office in Opera House, Center street.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,
Naphtha and Gasoline
That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89ly.

Mountain House
Shaving Parlor

Located on Centre street near Mountain House office. Shaving, Hair Cutting and Shampooing done in the neatest and best manner. A share of your patronage solicited.

ROBERT CASSIDY.

WANTED AGENTS

to represent the Most Complete Nurseries in America. Stock widely advertised fifty-four years; known and wanted by every planter. That is why beginners always succeed with us, and experienced Agents double their sales and income. Now is the time to start. Write ELLWANGER & BARRY, Mt. Hope Nurseries, Rochester, N.Y.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD.
Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. GET THE GENUINE. FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

J. W. SHARBAUGH,
Manufacturer's Agent for
The Ellis Keystone Threshers and Cleaners.
Champion Binders, Reapers and Mowers.
Hoosier and Crown Grain and Corn Drills.
Wagons, Buggies, Carts, Plows, Harrows and Cultivators.
White Sewing Machines a Specialty.
For information concerning any of the above send postal card to

J. W. SHARBAUGH,
Carrolltown.
feb28.2m

1794. 1895.

Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the final account of Frank M. Shaffer, administrator of George Shaffer, deceased:

"And now, April 20th, 1896, W. Horace Rose appointed auditor to distribute the funds in the hands of said accountant. "BY THE COURT."

Certified April 20, 1896.
F. B. JONES, Clerk O. C., (SEAL.)

Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to the above appointment, I will sit at my office in the Fisher building, Clinton street, Third ward, City of Johnstown, on TUESDAY, MAY 19th, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons having claims upon the said fund may appear and present the same. All persons failing to present their claims at that time, before the auditor, will be debarred from coming in for a share of the fund.

W. H. RUSE,
Auditor.
Johnstown, Pa., April 25, 1896.
ma 1 3t

LIVING LEFT TO DIE.

The Work of Rescue Stopped at Cincinnati.

BULGING WALLS THREATENED.

To Have Gone on Would Have Meant the Death of Some of the Rescuers—Eight Known to Be Dead and Seven Are Still Missing.

CINCINNATI, May 6.—The burial alive of well-known people has caused general distress here. After the explosion that demolished the five-story building, occupied by Adolph Drach and Louis Fey on the first floors and with flats on the four upper floors, relays of workmen continued removing the debris till finally everybody was ordered from the premises, and Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, was kept clear. Holes had been made in the walls of adjoining buildings through which to extricate victims. The great mass of debris supported these walls, and its removal caused the adjacent walls to bulge out so that a still greater calamity has been momentarily expected from both sides of the wreckage.

When the street cleaning force and firemen were ordered away, it was believed that there were several persons still in the debris and some of them alive, but the engineers agreed with the building inspectors that the loss of lif to the workmen was inevitable if they proceeded. Braces were put up against the walls and scaffolds quickly constructed. The work of tearing down adjacent walls is progressing with all possible speed. Meantime those still in the debris had to be left to their fate and no more are likely to be taken out alive. There have been eight dead recovered and seven are still missing.

Inquiries have been made at the residences of those who are still missing and there has been nothing seen or known of them for over 24 hours. A of the injured persons, except John McCarthy, are doing well at the hospital. McCarthy has died from internal injuries. He begged his brother and the firemen to kill him when he was first found in the debris, and he suffered intensely until his death.

One of the most prominent victims of the disaster is C. F. Andress, president of the Andress-Meara Wallpaper company. He was sitting at a table in Drach's saloon drinking a glass of beer and reading a paper when the explosion occurred.

The workmen had reached his body when they were called out, but they ascertained that he was dead and that it was impossible to extricate the body without endangering their own lives. He was one of the prominent business men of the city. The body of Mattie Kennedy was also found by the workmen in the debris, but it could not be brought out and none of the bodies remaining in the wreckage can be recovered until the danger from the surrounding walls is first removed.

The known dead are: Rolland Davis, Hamilton, O.; Ella Singleton, Zanesville, O.; Adolph Drach, proprietor of the cafe in which the explosion occurred; Felicia Drach, aged 5 years; C. S. Wells, recently from Texas; Mary Kennedy, domestic for Drach; John McCarthy, clerk; C. Fred Andress, president Andress-Meara Wallpaper company.

Those missing are: William Meyer, Barbara Steinkamp, Louis Fisdick, Jas. Grant, William Roberts, "Doc" Seaman, William Lauth, John McGarvey, —— Southgate, Newport, Ky.; —— Lightfoot, Newport, Ky.; H. H. Wilson, Toledo; John Beers, Lafayette, Ind.; William Carr, Newport, Ky.

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS.

A Number Re-Elected and Others Elected In the State.

PITTSBURG, May 6.—Prof. George J. Luckey has been re-elected for the tenth successive time as city superintendent of schools. His salary was increased from $3,500 to $4,000 per annum.

Prof. Morrow was re-elected in Allegheny and Prof. Hamilton, re-elected as county superintendent, and his salary increased to $5,000.

Butler—S. L. Cheeseman was elected county superintendent of schools and Prof. E. Mackey city superintendent.

Brookville—Prof. R. B. Tutrick was elected county superintendent and his salary fixed at $1,500.

Clarion—A. W. Beer was re-elected county superintendent of schools.

Franklin—J. B. Bigler was re-elected county superintendent of schools.

Warren—H. M. Putnam was elected school superintendent over T. L. Hampton.

Kittanning—W. M. Jackson was re-elected county superintendent.

Huntingdon—S. G. Rudy was re-elected county superintendent.

Clearfield—G. W. Weaver of Curwensville was elected county superintendent.

Mercer—L. R. Eckles of Mercer was elected county superintendent.

Bedford—C. F. Potts was re-elected county superintendent.

Easton—W. F. Hoch of Freemansburg was re-elected county superintendent and salary increased $100.

Beaver—Charles A. Moore was elected county superintendent; salary cut from $1,800 to $1,500.

New Castle—Prof. Thomas M. Stewart of Enon valley was elected county superintendent.

Bellefonte—C. L. Gramley of Rebersburg was re-elected county superindendent; salary increased from $1,500 to $1,800.

Lewistown—School directors re-elected C. L. Cooper county superintendent.

Oil City—Prof. C. A. Babcock was was unanimously re-elected city superintendent and his salary made $2,000.

Erie—Thomas W. Morrison of Waterford was elected county superintendent and his salary increased to $3,000.

HOLMES BARGAINING FOR LIFE.

He Offers Mrs. Pitezel Property, If She Will Get a Reprieve.

PHILADALPHIA, May 6.—Counsel for Mrs. Pitezel, widow of Benjamin F. Pitezel, who was murdered by H. H. Holmes, has received a letter from the latter offering Mrs. Pitezel a house and lot in Chicago, clear of all encumbrances, and $2,000 in cash if she will aid him in getting a reprieve.

Holmes wants his execution postponed until May 18. No attention will be paid to the letter.

MORE GASOLINE VICTIMS.

Four Killed by the Explosion of a Stove In Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, May 6.—As the result of an explosion of a gasoline stove in a Brooklyn tenement house two women and two children were so badly burned that they died soon afterwards. Two other children were also seriously burned.

The dead are: Mrs. Rebecca Cohen, 234 Johnson street; Carl Cohen, aged 2 years; Solomon Cohen, aged 3 years; Mrs. Pasternek, 234 Johnson street.

SEVERE ELECTRICAL STORM.

Lightning Kills a Girl and Injures Others In West Virginia.

WHEELING, May 6.—News from several points in this state give reports of a severe electrical storm in Central West Virginia.

Near Fairmont lightning struck a schoolhouse. Miss Hattie Youst was instantly killed, Newton Jamison was fatally injured and a number of other pupils more or less badly burned. All the occupants of the building were terribly shocked.

At Martinsburg, the North Methodist church was struck and the tower wrecked.

SHARP TALK TO FRANCE.

Red Book Reveals Strong Action Regarding Exclusion of Our Cattle.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Advance sheets of the United State red book exhibit a vigorous insistence upon the rights of Americans in the course of the negotiations with France respecting the exclusion, by the government of that country, of American cattle. The president himself dictated a small but most important portion of the correspondence.

As far back as March of last year, just after the fact that the exclusion order had been issued was made known to the state department through Mr. Vignaud, our charge at Paris, Secretary Gresham cabled that officer that he had failed to state the reasons for its issue; that the secretary of agriculture had asserted that our cattle were entirely free from disease and that "in view of these statements, the president directs that you inform the French government that the United States regards this prohibition as a needless and unfriendly interference with an important branch of legitimate trade and that you remonstrate against its enforcement."

The French minister of foreign affairs, who happened to be then as now in office, admitted "that the protest was a little fiery." Negotiations at length ensued in the course of which our ambassador, Mr. Eustis, by instruction of the state department, showed that these reasons were not based on actual bona fide cases of disease in any American cattle that had entered France, but apparently were founded on a desire to exclude American cattle from competition with the French farmers and threatening retaliation. The secretary was prevented from making good this threat only owing to representations that the new French ministry be more favorable to the United States.

FOR FOUR BATTLESHIPS.

The Senate Amendment For Two Voted Down In the House.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The opponents of four battleships sustained a defeat in the house on the proposition to accept the senate amendment to the naval appropriation bill, reducing the number to two.

Mr. Sayers (Dem., Tex.), ex-chairman of the appropriation committee, contrasted the appropriations of the present session with the available revenues. The direct appropriations for the next fiscal year as they passed the house were $505,000,000, while the total estimated revenue was but $464,000,000. If no provision were made for the sinking fund ($50,000,000) the total outstanding direct obligations would be $455,000,000, leaving a working balance of $9,000,000. But in addition contracts were authorized in the sundry civil bill, naval and appropriations bill aggregating $95,000,000. In other words there would be $9,000,000 to meet almost $100,000,000 expenditures. With this situation staring congress in the face he argued that it was wise to retrench. Chairman Cannon argued on the same lines.

Mr. Boutelle, chairman of the naval committee, and Congressman Cummings argued against the motion. Boutelle's motion for a conference with the senate passed.

HILL STILL TALKING.

Holds Out Another Day Against the Bond Inquiry Resolution.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Senator Hill has added another day—the fifth—in opposition to the bond resolution in the senate. Mr. Peffer, author of the resolution, announced that he would seek to force a vote by holding the senate in session, unless the resolution was disposed of.

It was evident, however, that senators were not disposed to submit to the hardships of a protracted and possibly an all night session, and Mr. Peffer did not carry out his announced purpose. He stated, however, that the resolution would certainly pass today, which, however, is doubtful in view of Mr. Hill's apparent ability to speak indefinitely.

Senator Pettigrew (Rep., S. D.) supported the bond resolution and severely criticised the administration of the treasury. The senator also criticised Mr. Sherman for his recent approval of the treasury administration.

Some progress was made on the river and harbor bill. A large number of pension bills were passed at the close of the day.

FOR A TARIFF ON WOOL.

A Move to Urge It If Any Tariff Action Is Taken.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Senator Chandler has circulated the following petition on the Republican side of the chamber to the senate committee on finance:

"The undersigned request that in case any bill relating to internal revenue or the tariff is considered by the senate at the present session the committee on finance will move and support the addition of a clause providing for an adequate duty on wool."

The petition was signed by 31 senators, as follows: Mitchell (Or.), Chandler, Squire, McBride, Lodge, Hale, Pritchard, Pettigrew, Hansbrough, Frye, Davis, Brown, Perkins, Baker, Gear, Elkins, Shoup, Hawley, Wilson, Nelson, Gallinger, Warren, Clark, Burrows, Proctor, Sewell, Wetmore, Thurston and Cullom, Republicans, and Peffer and Butler, Populists.

The petition was gotten up because of a proposition to call up a bill for the repeal of the provision in the present law for the rebate of the tax on alcohol used in the arts and in medicines.

An Ex-Official Short $139,000.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—It is reported upon what is believed to be good authority that the expert accountant employed by the secretary of state has found a shortage of $127,000 in the trust funds account of F. J. Krickhofer, until recently the disbursing officer of the state department. This amount together with another $12,000 shortage, brings the amount up to $139,000.

Filibustering Case Set.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—In the United States supreme court Chief Justice Fuller announced that the case of J. H. S. Wiborg and others, under conviction of participating in the Horsa filibustering expedition to Cuba, would be advanced on the docket and he set the hearing for Monday, the 18th inst.

Philadelphian Disappears.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—Theodore R. Graham, formerly a member of the firm of Young, Smith, Field & Co. has disappeared and it is said that his finances are in a badly tangled condition. His losses are variously estimated at from $20,000 to $300,000.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Workmen on the new steel esplanade at Atlantic City were forced to cease work, because of the refusal of two property owners to allow their property to be crossed.

Harry Mitchell, a prisoner in the Mt. Holly (N. J.) jail for robbing freight cars, was detected after he had nearly succeeded in digging through the jail wall.

The Bay State Gas company, of which J. Edward Addicks is the head, has bought out its only competitor in Boston and now controls the entire output of gas in that city.

The coroner's jury at Port Jervis, N. Y., gave a verdict that Mrs. Frances Snyder came to her death by poison, and that "suspicion points to Mrs. Martha Whitaker," her daughter.

Wayland, Trask & Co., a Wall street broker's firm, New York, have failed. They expect soon to resume.

Employes of the cotton mills of Alabama protest to the governor against the erection of a cotton mill on the state convict farm.

Nearly 1,000 employes of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock company struck against the clock registering system.

THE BELLICOSE LAYMEN

Demanding Their Rights In the M. E. Conference.

SEVERAL OUTBREAKS OCCURRED.

The Women Delegate Question Still Under Debate and May Be Voted on Today or Tomorrow—Important District Conference and Committee Proceedings.

CLEVELAND, May 6.—The debate on the eligibility of women as delegates continues in the M. E. conference, and so far as the speakers are concerned, there is no evidence of a desire to bring the discussion to a close. Some of the laymen are anxious to terminate the contest, and it is probable that a vote will be reached either today or tomorrow.

There has been a slight outcropping of the feeling between the clergy and laymen, in which the latter took the initiative. C. W. Bennett of Cincinnati presented a resolution providing for the appointment of a special committee, which will pass on all communications from the laymen. This committee was to consist of one minister and one layman from each district. After a good deal of debate, in whic Rev. Dr. Shier of Detroit expressed the regret that any feeling existed between clergy and laity, the resolution was adopted. An effort was made by Dr. James of Philadelphia to make the committee consist of 15 members, who were to be appointed by the bishop. The lay delegates couldn't stand this and Mr. Bennett's resolution went through.

The deck was then cleared for action and the woman question was again precipitated. President Daniel Stevenson of Union college, Kentucky, started the fight by criticizing the action of the bishops in deciding against the action of the women in 1888. Rev. G. Newly led the fight against the women. He held the question to be one of law purely. He took up the question of the Bible argument and said it was time the Bible said men and women are one in Christ, but not in the general conference. He held that in the church the status of women is different from that of men. The question, he said, is a constitutional one, and no one is to be admitted unless specifically mentioned.

The delegates were thoroughly aroused and feeling ran high. Judge Caples of Oregon, ex-Senator Harlan of Montana, Dr. Buckley of New York, Dr. Leonard of Cincinnati, Rev. Dr. Harris of Maine, Rev. Dr. James Chaffey of Minneapolis, Rev. Dr. J. W. Hamilton, Dr. J. R. Day of Syracuse, Dr. Emory Miller of Iowa and several other men prominent in the counsels of the church spoke upon the question before the house.

The lay delegates have met and heard reports from their committee of 15, appointed to consider the question of extending the term of pastorate. One report, signed by General Rusling of New Jersey, recommended that in exceptional cases ministers might be continued in their pastorates indefinitely. A second opposed any change in the rule regarding the time limit, stating as a reason that very often ministers remained too long in churches. An amendment was offered by a delegate providing for an extension of time by a three-fourths vote of all adult members of the church at quarterly conference and the recommendation of a majority of the presiding elders of the district. Both of the reports and the amendment also were tabled.

A resolution recommending that the period of probation be changed from six months to three months was also tabled. A Delaware man asked for the adoption of a resolution requesting the conference to shut off debate on the woman question today, giving as his reason that the ministers were using the debate merely as an opportunity to show their oratorical ability. The meeting considered that this would be discourteous and refused to consider the resolution.

The Seventh district conference, which includes Michigan, Indiana and the Lexington conference of Kentucky, met and adopted a resolution declaring that the rights of church members should be recognized in choosing representatives. The discussion was along the line that the present mode of procedure was not democratic, appointing power being too generally vested in the ministry.

State Council O. U. A. M.

CHAMBERSBURG, Pa., May 6.—The state council O. U. A. M. elected John M. Hornbaker of Scranton, state councillor; George H. Lavety of Johnstown, vice councillor; Walter Graham of Philadelphia, secretary; Charles H. Kurtz of Philadelphia, treasurer; Henry Smith of Pittsburg, inductor; Simon Henchbarger of Clearfield, examiner; E. M. Shade of Chambersburg, protector, and Rev. J. T. Phegal of Plainfield, representative to the national council. Philipsburg was selected as the next place of meeting.

Minnie Swanger's Sentence.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Pa., May 6.—Minnie Swanger, the 12-year-old Altoona girl who poisoned her uncle, William McGregor, by placing a dose of "rough on rats" in his coffee, has been sentenced by Judge Bell to the care and custody of the Children's Aid Society of Western Pennsylvania, in the society's institution at Pittsburg. The girl's grandmother, who also drank the deadly mixture, escaped death. The child's motive was to secure her grandmother's life insurance money.

State Prohibition Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—The state convention of the Prohibition party is being held in this city today at Association hall. Chairman Hiram DeWalt of the local committee stated that the silver question will probably come up. "Some of our friends," he said, "favor free silver, but I do not apprehend any trouble over it." He also said the woman suffrage question would come up.

STATE HAPPENINGS.

Robert Barnard of Hartford, Susquehanna county, was killed by a vicious horse.

William Kostetter of Stonington shot and killed his wife and his mother fell dead upon viewing the bleeding body.

The trolley-steam railway war over the Llanarch crossing was decided by Judge Clayton in favor of the trolley company.

A joint agreement for consolidation between the boroughs of Freedom and St. Clair, Beaver county, was filed with the secretary of the commonwealth yesterday.

Mrs. Samuel Boyd and her daughter, Lucy, were the victims of a runaway at Sharon. Mrs. Boyd sustained injuries which caused her death and the daughter is in a serious condition.

William Patterson and Charles Heineman, who robbed the postoffice at Jollytown, Pa., on Sunday, were captured at Hundred, W. Va. In the capture shots were exchanged and Patterson was badly wounded.

The secretary of the soldiers' orphans commission announces the following dates for examinations: June 8 and 9, Chester Springs; June 10 and 11, Hartford; June 15 and 16, Uniontown; June 17 and 18, Scotland industrial school. About 1,100 pupils will take the examinations.

The Death of Colonel North.

LONDON, May 6.—Colonel North, the nitrate king, has died at a meeting of the Nitrate railways directors. Prior to this meeting Colonel North ate a dozen oysters and drank a bottle of stout, both of which were sent to him from a neighboring restaurant. Shortly afterward he complained of severe pains, called for brandy and drank some, but soon collapsed in his chair and expired.

A DUKE AND DUCHESS ROBBED.

Holdup In Wild West Style Near Rome, In Italy.

ROME, May 6.—This city has been treated to a genuine, old-time brigand episode, and the sufferers were the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Meningen.

The duke and duchess, it appears, were traveling incognito initially and were returning, with a small suite, from paying a visit to the poet Wosa. Near Fracati, about 12 miles from this city, their carriage was stopped, in true brigand style, by two masked men, who leveled guns at the ducal party and demanded money or their lives. The duke threw them his purse, which only contained 55 lire (about $11) and the carriage was allowed to proceed. The brigands were afterward caught.

Manager Chopped Up by Strikers.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 6.—At the colliery of Niewee, Poland, strikers attempted to flood the mines. The manager, while trying to prevent them, was assaulted, and shot two of the strikers in self-defense. The rioters then fell upon the manager and killed him, chopping him terribly with axes.

A Prominent Couple Arrested.

TUCSON, A. T., May 6.—C. Edward Eggleston, son of the Chicago multimillionaire, and Mrs. G. E. Turner, who eloped from Phœnix two weeks ago and were married here, have been held to answer before the federal grand jury, the former for adultery and the latter for bigamy.

Li Hung Chang's Gifts to the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 6.—Li Hung Chang, in addition to presenting the czar with the Order of the Double Dragoon, studded with large brilliants, on behalf of the emperor of China, also presented his majesty, in his own behalf, with two bronze vases over 2,000 years old.

Help These Poor Women Along.

SPOKANE, Wash., May 6.—Mrs. H. Easthy and her daughter Clara have started from here to walk to New York. They live on a farm near here and hope to make enough money to lift a mortgage. They are under contract to a manufacturer of a health costume.

WILL ENDORSE M'KINLEY.

The California Republican State Convention In Session.

SACRAMENTO, May 6.—The California state Republican convention was called to order by P. B. Cornwall, chairman of the state central committee. W. R. Arthur of Pasadena was unanimously elected as temporary chairman. When escorted to the platform Mr. Arthur said that it was evident the convention had determined to send to St. Louis delegates absolutely pledged to McKinley.

It is said that John D. Spreckels, who is at the head of a contesting delegation from San Francisco, and who is fostering the Allison boom in California, made a bargain with the Southern California delegates, by which Spreckels will agree to the endorsement of McKinley by the convention, and in return will be conceded the leadership of the San Francisco Republicans.

Endorsed Russell For President.

MARLBORO, Mass., May 6.—At the Fourth congressional district Democratic convention, to elect delegates to the national convention, resolutions were adopted endorsing the financial policy of President Cleveland and the candidacy of ex-Governor William E. Russell for the presidential nomination.

Adopted McKinley Resolutions.

KANSAS CITY, May 6.—The Fifth congressional Republican convention has selected delegates to the Republican national convention. Resolutions were adopted endorsing McKinley.

Five Districts For McKinley.

SACRAMENTO, May 6.—The following congressional conventions met here and instructed for McKinley: First, Second, Third, Fifth and Sixth.

Named McKinley Delegates.

ST. LOUIS, May 6.—The Republicans of the Eleventh and Twelfth districts of this city have elected McKinley delegates.

Kruger's Address Considered Menacing.

LONDON, May 6.—President Kruger's address to the Transvaal parliament is considered menacing to Great Britain, owing to the proposed combine with the Orange Free state for mutual protection.

A Pittsburg Oil Man Divorced.

PERRY, O. T., May 6.—George P. Williams, the well-known oil man of Pittsburg, Pa., has been granted a divorce from Emma M. Williams. Mr. Williams alleges that he married her while drunk.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, May 5.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 76@77c; No 2 red, 75@76c; spring wheat, 75@76c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow car, 37½@38c; No. 2 shelled, 34½@35c; high mixed shelled, 35½@36c; mixed car, 33c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25@25½c; No. 2 do., 24@24½c; extra No. 3 white, 23½@24c; light mixed, 22½@23c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $16.25@16.50; No. 2 timothy, $14.00@14.50; mixed clover, $15.00@15.25; packing, $8.50@9.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, $11.50@12.00; wagon hay, $10.00@20.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 18½@19½c; Ohio, fancy creamery, 15@17c; fancy country, roll, 12@13c; low grade and cooking, 7@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, large size, 9½@10c; New York flats, 10@10½c; fancy Ohios, 8½@9c; Wisconsin Swiss in tubs, 14@14½c; limburger, 12½@13c; Ohio Swiss in tubs, 13½@14c; Swiss in square blocks 13½@14c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases 9½@10c; seconds, 8½@9c; goose eggs, 25@30c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 65@70c per pair; live chickens, small, 55@55c; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; live ducks, 55@65c per pair; dressed, 15@16c per pound; live turkeys, 9@10c per pound; dressed, 14@15c per pound; live geese, 60@75c per pair.

PITTSBURG, May 5

CATTLE—Receipts fair; 50 cars on sale this week; demand fair; market steady; prices 15c higher. We quote the following prices: Prime, $4.30@4.40; good, $4.15@4.30; good butchers, $3.90@4.20; rough fat, $3.00@3.75; bulls, stags and cows, $1.75@3.70; fresh cows and springers, $15@40.

HOGS—Receipts liberal on Monday; 40 cars on sale; market dull and prices lower; today's receipts are light; market steady and with favorable reports from other markets, prices 10@15 higher. We quote: Prime light weights, $3.60@3.65; best medium weights, $3.50@3.55; common, to fair Yorkers, $3.40@3.50; heavy hogs, $3.40@3.50; roughs, $2.00@2.90.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light on Monday; 15 cars on sale; market active at an advance of 15c from both sheep and lambs; receipts today light; market steady. We quote as follows: Prime sheep, $3.70@3.80; fair, $3.30@3.40; common, $2.50@3.15; culls, $1.00@2.00; choice lambs, $4.50@4.80; common to good lambs, $3.50@4.25; spring lambs, $5.00@8.00; veal calves, $4.00@4.50; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, May 5

HOGS — Market steady at $3.00@3.45. Receipts, 2,600 head; shipments, 1,300 head.

CATTLE—Market strong and active at $2.75@4.25. Receipts, 300 head; shipments 300 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady at $2.50@3.85. Receipts, none; shipments, 300 head. Lambs—Market steady at $3.50@4.85; spring lambs, $5.00@6.50.

NEW YORK, May 5

WHEAT—Spot market firmer; No. 2 red, 72½c; No. 1 hard, 71c.

CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 35c.

OATS—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 24½c

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 9½@10½c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7½@8½c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady for desirable weights; heavy stock very dull; good clipped sheep, $3.35; common to good unshorn lambs, $5.00@5.50; heavy clipped do, $5.00; Virginia lambs, $4.00@4.25 each.

HOGS—Market slow at $3.70@4.00

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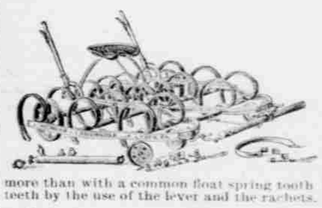

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